

# technology and special education

**technology and special education** represent a transformative intersection that has significantly enhanced learning opportunities for students with diverse needs. Advancements in digital tools, assistive devices, and adaptive software have opened new avenues for personalized education, enabling educators to address individual challenges more effectively. This article explores the integration of technology in special education, highlighting key benefits, innovative tools, and implementation strategies. It also discusses challenges and future trends shaping the field. By examining these aspects, the article provides a comprehensive overview of how technology supports inclusive learning environments and promotes academic achievement for students with disabilities.

- The Role of Technology in Special Education
- Types of Assistive Technologies
- Benefits of Technology Integration
- Implementation Strategies for Educators
- Challenges and Considerations
- Future Trends in Technology and Special Education

## The Role of Technology in Special Education

Technology plays a vital role in enhancing special education by providing tailored learning experiences that accommodate various disabilities and learning styles. It facilitates access to curriculum content, improves communication, and supports skill development in areas such as literacy, numeracy, and social interaction. Educators utilize technology to create inclusive classrooms where students with cognitive, physical, sensory, or emotional challenges can participate actively alongside their peers. The integration of digital tools helps bridge gaps caused by traditional teaching methods, making education more equitable and effective.

## Personalized Learning Through Technology

Personalized learning is a cornerstone of special education, and technology enables customization of instructional materials to meet individual student needs. Software applications can adapt content difficulty, pace, and format based on the learner's progress and preferences. This adaptability ensures that students receive appropriate challenges without becoming overwhelmed or disengaged. For example, text-to-speech programs allow students with reading difficulties to access written content auditorily, while interactive apps provide multisensory learning experiences that enhance comprehension and retention.

# Improving Communication and Social Skills

Communication barriers are common among students with special needs, and technology offers effective solutions to improve interaction. Augmentative and alternative communication (AAC) devices, speech-generating applications, and visual supports facilitate expressive and receptive communication for nonverbal or minimally verbal individuals. These tools promote social inclusion by enabling students to participate in classroom discussions and develop meaningful relationships. Additionally, technology-based social skills training programs help learners practice and generalize appropriate behaviors in various settings.

## Types of Assistive Technologies

Assistive technologies encompass a broad range of devices and software designed to support students with disabilities in accessing education and performing daily tasks. These technologies vary depending on the specific needs of learners and can be categorized into low-tech, mid-tech, and high-tech solutions. Understanding the different types helps educators select appropriate tools that enhance independence and learning outcomes.

### Low-Tech Assistive Devices

Low-tech devices are simple, inexpensive tools that require minimal power or technology. Examples include pencil grips, adapted paper with raised lines, communication boards, and visual schedules. These devices are often the first step in accommodating students' needs and can be easily integrated into classroom routines. Despite their simplicity, low-tech tools can have a significant impact on student engagement and performance.

### Mid-Tech and High-Tech Solutions

Mid-tech technologies involve battery-operated or electronic devices with moderate complexity, such as audio recorders, handheld spell checkers, and basic speech output devices. High-tech solutions include sophisticated software and hardware like screen readers, voice recognition programs, electronic magnifiers, and specialized learning apps. These technologies offer advanced features that provide greater support for complex disabilities, enabling learners to overcome barriers related to vision, hearing, mobility, and cognition.

## Examples of Popular Assistive Technologies

- Screen readers and magnification software for visually impaired students
- Speech-to-text and text-to-speech applications for students with dyslexia or speech impairments
- Switch-accessible devices for students with physical disabilities
- Interactive whiteboards and tablets that support multisensory learning

- Communication apps like Proloquo2Go for nonverbal learners

## **Benefits of Technology Integration**

The integration of technology in special education yields numerous benefits that enhance the teaching and learning process. It promotes accessibility, engagement, independence, and academic achievement among students with disabilities. These advantages contribute to more inclusive educational environments and better prepare learners for life beyond the classroom.

### **Increased Accessibility and Inclusion**

Technology removes many physical and cognitive barriers, allowing students with disabilities to access curricular content alongside their peers. Adapted interfaces, customizable settings, and assistive tools make learning materials available to a wider range of learners. This accessibility fosters inclusion by enabling participation in general education settings and collaborative activities, which are essential for social development and equal opportunities.

### **Enhanced Student Engagement and Motivation**

Interactive and multimedia technologies capture students' attention and cater to diverse learning preferences. Gamified learning applications, virtual reality, and hands-on digital activities make education more enjoyable and relevant. Increased motivation often leads to better attendance, persistence, and overall academic performance among special education students.

### **Promotion of Independence and Self-Advocacy**

Assistive technologies empower students to perform tasks independently, reducing reliance on educators or caregivers. Tools that facilitate communication and organization enable learners to take greater control over their educational experiences. This independence is critical for building self-confidence and self-advocacy skills, which are essential for success in higher education, employment, and everyday life.

## **Implementation Strategies for Educators**

Effective incorporation of technology into special education requires thoughtful planning, training, and collaboration. Educators must understand the unique needs of their students and select appropriate tools that align with instructional goals. Successful implementation involves ongoing assessment, support, and adaptation to maximize the benefits of technology.

## **Assessment and Individualized Education Plans (IEPs)**

Assessment is essential to identify students' strengths, challenges, and specific technology requirements. Information gathered during evaluations informs the development of Individualized Education Plans (IEPs), which outline tailored goals and accommodations. Technology integration should be aligned with these plans to ensure that interventions address each learner's needs effectively.

## **Professional Development and Training**

Educators and support staff must receive adequate training to use assistive technologies confidently and competently. Professional development programs should cover device operation, software applications, troubleshooting, and instructional strategies for technology use. Continuous learning helps teachers stay updated on emerging tools and best practices in special education technology.

## **Collaboration with Families and Specialists**

Engaging families and related service providers, such as speech therapists and occupational therapists, fosters a multidisciplinary approach to technology integration. Collaboration ensures consistency across home and school environments and supports generalization of skills. Input from specialists can guide the selection and customization of assistive technologies to meet diverse needs.

## **Challenges and Considerations**

Despite its benefits, technology integration in special education presents challenges that must be addressed to optimize outcomes. Awareness of potential obstacles allows educators and administrators to develop effective solutions and create supportive learning environments.

## **Cost and Funding Limitations**

Assistive technologies, especially high-tech devices and software, can be expensive. Limited budgets in educational settings may restrict access to necessary tools. Navigating funding sources, grants, and insurance reimbursements requires careful planning and advocacy to secure adequate resources.

## **Technical Issues and Accessibility Barriers**

Reliability and compatibility of technology can affect its effectiveness. Devices may malfunction, and software may not be fully accessible or user-friendly for all students. Ongoing technical support and regular updates are crucial to maintain functionality and accessibility standards.

## **Privacy and Ethical Concerns**

The use of technology raises important considerations related to data privacy and ethical use. Protecting students' personal information and ensuring responsible technology application are essential to maintain trust and compliance with legal regulations.

## **Future Trends in Technology and Special Education**

The future of technology in special education is marked by rapid innovation and expanding possibilities. Emerging technologies promise to further enhance personalized learning and accessibility for students with disabilities.

## **Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning**

Artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning are being integrated into educational software to provide real-time feedback, adaptive learning paths, and predictive analytics. These advancements enable more precise customization of instruction to meet individual needs and track progress efficiently.

## **Virtual and Augmented Reality**

Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) offer immersive learning experiences that support skill development and engagement. These technologies can simulate real-world scenarios, allowing students to practice social skills, problem-solving, and vocational training in safe, controlled environments.

## **Wearable Technology and IoT Devices**

Wearable devices and Internet of Things (IoT) technology facilitate continuous monitoring and support for students with physical or health-related disabilities. These tools enable timely interventions and promote independence by integrating seamlessly into daily activities.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **How is technology enhancing learning experiences for students with special needs?**

Technology provides personalized learning tools, interactive software, and assistive devices that cater to individual learning styles and needs, making education more accessible and engaging for students with special needs.

## **What are some popular assistive technologies used in special education?**

Popular assistive technologies include screen readers, speech-to-text software, communication devices, adaptive keyboards, and apps designed for cognitive and sensory support, all of which help students overcome learning barriers.

## **How does AI contribute to special education?**

AI enables the creation of adaptive learning programs that adjust to a student's pace and style, offers real-time feedback, supports communication for non-verbal students, and helps educators track progress with data-driven insights.

## **What role do mobile devices play in supporting students with disabilities?**

Mobile devices like tablets and smartphones offer portability and access to a range of educational apps, assistive tools, and communication platforms, facilitating learning inside and outside the classroom for students with disabilities.

## **How can educators effectively integrate technology in special education classrooms?**

Educators can integrate technology by selecting appropriate tools tailored to student needs, providing training for both teachers and students, collaborating with specialists, and continuously assessing the effectiveness of technology to enhance learning outcomes.

## **Additional Resources**

### *1. Assistive Technology in Special Education: Resources to Support Literacy, Communication, and Learning Differences*

This book explores a wide range of assistive technologies designed to support students with diverse learning needs. It offers practical strategies for integrating these tools into the classroom to enhance literacy and communication skills. Educators will find case studies and examples to help tailor technology use for individual learners.

### *2. Tech-Savvy Teaching for Special Education: Tools and Strategies for Inclusive Classrooms*

Focusing on the intersection of technology and special education, this book provides educators with actionable techniques to create inclusive learning environments. It covers software, apps, and devices that assist students with disabilities in accessing the curriculum. Readers will learn how to adapt instruction using technology to meet varied learning profiles.

### *3. Digital Accessibility in Education: Ensuring Equity for Students with Disabilities*

This text addresses the importance of digital accessibility in educational technology, emphasizing legal requirements and best practices. It guides educators and developers on creating and selecting technology that is accessible to all students, including those with physical, sensory, and cognitive disabilities. The book also discusses universal design principles for learning.

4. *Implementing Augmentative and Alternative Communication Technologies: A Guide for Educators*  
Dedicated to augmentative and alternative communication (AAC) tools, this book provides an overview of various technologies that support non-verbal and minimally verbal students. It offers step-by-step guidance on selecting, implementing, and assessing AAC devices and applications in special education settings. The resource emphasizes collaboration between educators, therapists, and families.

5. *Emerging Technologies and Autism Spectrum Disorder: Innovations to Support Learning and Social Skills*

This book examines cutting-edge technologies tailored to students on the autism spectrum, including virtual reality, robotics, and mobile apps. It discusses how these tools can foster communication, social interaction, and academic skills. Researchers and practitioners will find evidence-based insights into technology's role in enhancing educational outcomes for autistic learners.

6. *Using Tablets and Mobile Devices in Special Education: Practical Strategies for Classroom Success*

Focusing on the practical application of tablets and mobile devices, this book offers strategies for integrating these tools into special education classrooms. It highlights apps and features that support learning, organization, and communication for students with disabilities. The book includes tips for managing technology use and measuring its impact on student progress.

7. *Technology-Enhanced Learning for Students with Intellectual Disabilities*

This volume explores the use of technology to support students with intellectual disabilities in acquiring academic and life skills. It covers software, adaptive hardware, and instructional design tailored to this population. Educators will gain insights into customizing technology-based interventions to improve engagement and independence.

8. *From Special Education to Inclusive Tech: Designing Educational Software for Diverse Learners*

This book addresses the design and development of educational software that caters to learners with special needs within inclusive settings. It discusses principles of accessibility, customization, and user-centered design. Developers and educators alike will benefit from its guidance on creating tools that accommodate a spectrum of abilities.

9. *Virtual Reality and Special Education: New Frontiers in Learning and Therapy*

Exploring the transformative potential of virtual reality (VR) in special education, this book highlights applications for skill development, therapy, and engagement. It reviews current VR technologies and their implementation in classrooms and clinical settings. The authors provide recommendations for best practices and future research directions in this emerging field.

## **Technology And Special Education**

Find other PDF articles:

<https://staging.devenscommunity.com/archive-library-707/Book?docid=gBu44-6033&title=teacher-appreciation-template-cards.pdf>

Hegarty, John, 2004-03-01 A reference for teachers interested in the uses of ICT as a tool to promote the inclusion of learners with special educational needs. It considers the role of technology in overcoming barriers of access to the curriculum and offers examinations of ICT as a teaching tool to raise standards for all.

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology** Lawrence A. Beard, Laura Bowden Carpenter, Linda B. Johnston, 2011 Organized around the theme of universal design, this guide to assistive technology discusses the knowledge and skills educators need to know in order to determine the appropriate use of technology and services to meet the needs of individuals with disabilities. The text provides an overview and introduction to the topic of assistive technology, evaluating various technologies for classroom use, and using assistive technology with special needs students of a diverse range of disabilities, including the young child with special needs, students with high incidence disabilities, positioning and mobility for students with physical disabilities, students with communication disorders, and sensory impairments. It further discusses AT in relation to transitioning, distance learning, and the ethical standards of practice. The new edition has been thoroughly updated to reflect the most recent AT beneficial to students requiring such special accommodations, including links to websites of current AT devices, and software for use in the classroom, and a new chapter on Universal Design for Learning and Response to Intervention and how to combine the two techniques to provide students with access to the general education curriculum. This edition also features more on ethics and assistive technology use for consideration of all students, new chapter introductions, questions for reflection, end-of-chapter review material, and extended coverage of diversity related to assistive technology and the classroom. Designed to provide useful information and strategies for candidates in teacher education programs and those practicing educators, the book is also useful to and any other professional or layperson interested in assistive technology and learning for all students.

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology in Special Education and Rehabilitation** Susan Sze, Peter Cowden, 2009 Why do you need this text? Differentiation, universal design, and inclusion- these educational concepts depicting today's classroom are here to stay. What does the average teacher do to make sure that their students receive the best education? Where should a teacher turn to have a quick reference check for the usage of assistive technology? This text provides exciting new ideas in the world of assistive technology and gives us the confidence in knowing that it is constantly being explored to best serve our students. Our children are the most important asset this world has. They are our purpose. The text Assistive Technology provides an avenue where all children regardless of disabilities or handicapped will have an equal chance to receive the best possible education our village can provide. Regular and special education teachers, reading specialized, social workers, physiotherapists, speech pathologist, and parents... need to read this book. (Carol Williams, M.A., Principal, Toronto District Separate School board. Ontario, Canada) Assistive Technology is an essential text for those who teach -- or aspire to teach -- children with special needs. Special Education laws mandate that schools consider each student's need for assistive technology devices and/or services during the IEP process. The vastness of the information presented by Professors Sze and Cowden may be readily adapted to the particular needs of students in elementary and secondary schools. (J.C. Blokhuis, Ph.D., LL.B., Senior Lecturer, Roehampton University, London, UK)

**technology and special education: Technology, Curriculum, and Professional Development** John Woodward, Larry Cuban, 2001 The 11 papers in this collection address various aspects of the adoption and implementation of technology in the education of students with disabilities. An introduction by David B. Malouf of the Office of Special Education Programs introduces the collection. The following papers are included: (1) No Easy Answer: The Instructional Effectiveness of Technology for Students with Disabilities (John Woodward, Deborah Gallagher, and Herbert Rieth); (2) It Can't Hurt: Implementing AAC Technology in the Classroom for Students with Severe and Multiple Disabilities (Bonnie Todis); (3) Preparing Future Citizens: Technology-Supported, Project-Based Learning in the Social Studies (Cynthia M. Okolo and Ralph P.

Ferretti); (4) ClassWide Peer Tutoring Program: A Learning Management System (Charles R. Greenwood, Liang-Shye Hou, Joseph Delquadri, Barbara J. Terry, and Carmen Arreaga-Mayer); (5) Sustaining a Curriculum Innovation: Cases of Make It Happen! (Judith M. Zorfass); (6) Technology Implementation in Special Education: Understanding Teachers' Beliefs, Plans, and Decisions (Charles A. MacArthur); (7) Why Are Most Teachers Infrequent and Restrained Users of Computers in Their Classroom? (Larry Cuban); (8) Designing Technology Professional Development Programs (A. Edward Blackhurst); (9) The Construction of Knowledge in a Collaborative Community: Reflections on Three Projects (Carol Sue Englert and Yong Zhao); (10) The Rise and Fall of the Community Transition Team Model (Andrew S. Halpern and Michael R. Benz); and (11) How Does Technology Support a Special Education Agenda? Using What We Have Learned To Inform the Future (Marleen C. Pugach and Cynthia L. Warger). (Individual papers contain references.) (DB)

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology to Support Inclusive Education**

Dianne Chambers, Chris Forlin, 2020-09-25 Assistive technology consists of products and services that are designed to support students to augment, strengthen, or bypass areas of difficulty and that allow them to access the curriculum and social aspects of the classroom where they would not previously have had access.

**technology and special education: *Technology and Students with Special Educational Needs***

Adina Shamir, Malka Margalit, 2016-04-08 Heterogeneous classes including students with Special Educational Needs (SEN) are increasingly becoming fixtures of the twenty-first century school. As a result, the question of how to devise more effective, innovative and diverse tools has posed a significant challenge for educators and the research community. This collection considers how technology may provide SEN children with greater opportunities to acquire academic skills, while preparing them for a successful transition to adulthood. Computers, and other new technologies, hold great promise for facilitating the inclusion of SEN individuals into modern society. Precisely because they are characterized by multiple representations of knowledge, computerized learning environments offer effective support tools for the instruction of SEN students faced with barriers that make learning a more complex process. Yet, despite the blossoming of this field, research on how the use of technology may benefit SEN students is in its early stages. The development of the theoretical knowledge and empirical databases necessary to assess the impact of computers on learners' characteristics and educators' teaching goals lag behind the introduction of the respective technological innovations. To meet this challenge, this volume presents a review of the latest advances in how new technologies and their software may potentially enhance SEN students' performance, in school and out. This book was originally published as a special issue of the European Journal of Special Needs.

**technology and special education: Computer-Based Technology for Special and Multicultural Education**

Lenwood Gibson , Festus Obiakor, 2017-10-11 Computer-Based Technology for Special and Multicultural Education is a comprehensive textbook for integrating computer technology into the classroom. Experienced contributors discuss the growing role of technology in teaching students with exceptional learning needs. Unlike the competition, this textbook addresses classroom technology through multiple lenses: special and multicultural education. Special education teacher candidates, at all levels, will benefit from this in-depth coverage of history, terminology, and research in computer based technology. This background will help readers determine how and when to use technology for the most effective educational experience. Topics include using the combination of computer hardware and specific software programs to deliver evidence-based teaching strategies as supplemental instruction. Computer-Based Technology breaks down teaching methods by addressing the most critical academic areas: reading, writing, mathematics, S.T.E.M., and social studies. Authors acknowledge the differences in each academic area, and how to best incorporate technology into each of these classrooms. Authors use the term exceptional learners throughout the text, which describes not only special education students, but also the experience of students with culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds. These students are faced with unique circumstances and challenges that affect

their educational processes. Readers will learn how to use technology to enhance culturally relevant pedagogy, cooperative learning strategies, and the experience of English language learners. Key features: The latest recommendations for websites, mobile applications, and resources for classroom technology Strategic plans for the most effective use of technology in the classroom In-depth discussions of special education and multicultural learners Classroom-specific approaches for technology in reading, writing, mathematics, S.T.E.M. and social studies

**technology and special education: Using Technology to Enhance Special Education**

Jeffrey P. Bakken, Festus E. Obiakor, 2023-02-02 Using Technology to Enhance Special Education, Volume 37 of Advances in Special Education, focuses on how general and special educators can use technology to work with children and youth with disabilities.

**technology and special education: Using Technology to Enhance Special Education**

Jeffrey P. Bakken, Festus E. Obiakor, 2023-02-02 Using Technology to Enhance Special Education, Volume 37 of Advances in Special Education, focuses on how general and special educators can use technology to work with children and youth with disabilities.

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology in Special Education** Joan Green, 2018-04-30 Assistive Technology in Special Education presents a wealth of practical, well-organized information to help families, teachers, and therapists find effective solutions for students with learning, literacy, and cognitive challenges. This third edition features new affordable tools to improve and compensate for challenges related to speaking, understanding, reading, writing, and thinking and remembering, as well as strategies to help students become more organized and efficient. Also highlighted are iDevices, G Suite (Google Apps and Extensions), online collaborative sites, and features built into the computers and mobile devices readers already use. As technology changes and new operating systems make older programs obsolete, this book will empower readers to explore the most current resources as they become available.

**technology and special education: The Role of Assistive Technology in Fostering Inclusive Education** Evert-Jan Hoogerwerf, Katerina Mavrou, Ivan Traina, 2020-09-13 The Role of Assistive Technology in Fostering Inclusive Education uses evidence-based research to explore issues related to implementation of ICT-based Assistive Technology (ICT-AT) in education. It focuses on programmes and activities that aim at the empowerment of the learners with disabilities, as well as the empowerment of the entire educational ecosystem. The book provides a synthesis of political and theoretical discussions as well as practical experiences on the implementation of ICT-AT in education. Analysing international policy frameworks in relation to inclusive education and technology, it discusses examples of school self-assessment and action plan methodologies for digital inclusive education, as well as case studies of innovative ICT and AT solutions in educational environments. The authors elaborate on digital empowerment as a wider societal challenge through reflection on the barriers that people with disabilities meet in education and beyond. This book will be of great interest for academics, researchers, and postgraduate students in the fields of inclusive education and assistive technology, as well as those interested in education research and policy development.

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology in the Classroom** Amy G. Dell, Deborah A. Newton, Jerry G. Petroff, 2016-02-22 This is the eBook of the printed book and may not include any media, website access codes, or print supplements that may come packaged with the bound book. This up-to-date book shows how assistive technology can be used in all kinds of classrooms, at all grade levels, to enhance the teaching and learning of students with a wide range of disabilities. The emphasis is on the integration of assistive technology into the curriculum. It addresses the challenges teachers face when using assistive technology to teach new skills to students with disabilities, to increase their independence and productivity, and to provide them with access to the general education curriculum. The text discusses disability categories within the context of school-related tasks and technology-based solutions to avoid misleading readers into simply pairing a certain diagnosis with a certain tech tool. The new edition of Assistive Technology in the Classroom keeps readers abreast of relevant new developments in mobile devices and

assistive technology through a new chapter on how to use assistive technology to create visual supports and promote positive behavior, chapter updates on available mobile devices, expanded information on Universal Design for Learning, and additional ideas and discussion on how to match technology tools to a student's specific needs and strengths.

**technology and special education: Technology for Inclusion** Mary Male, 1994

**technology and special education: The UDL Educational Technology Guide 2020** John O'Sullivan, 2019-08-28 This is the most comprehensive educational technology guide for special education. The best technologies are highlighted in each chapter. You can completely transform your teaching practices with the technologies within this book. You will learn about the best technology for executive function, visual impairment, learning disabilities, speech and language, and technology for engaging hands-on projects for special needs students. Only the very best technology makes the book. The information in the book is based on many years of research.

**technology and special education: Technology for Inclusion Special Education, Rehabilitation, for All** Sumita Chakraborti Ghosh, Ph.D., 2017-11-15 This book exclusively differentiates the differences of assistive, adaptive, remedial and instruction technologies. In addition, it also explains how to avoid over-reliance, and dependence through the principles of use and application of technology in inclusive classroom. The text is organized in two parts. Part I consists of the historical and legal evolution of the use of technology for inclusive education for individual with exceptional needs. Part II describes the needs and characteristics of individual with exceptional needs from high incidence to low incidence population.

**technology and special education: Using Assistive Technologies for Instructing Students with Disabilities** Barry W. Birnbaum, 2005 Birnbaum (special education. Northeastern Illinois U.) applies his experience in the front lines to the science and art of applying new technologies to special education. He begins with an overview of the technologies available for the classroom, reviews human factors in technology, and locates sources and ways of conducting research about technolo

**technology and special education: Efficacy of Assistive Technology Interventions** Dave Eddyburn, 2015-06-11 The Advances in Special Education Technology series is designed to focus international attention on applications of technology for individuals with disabilities.

**technology and special education: Technology-Supported Interventions for Students With Special Needs in the 21st Century** Liu, Xiongyi, Wachira, Patrick, 2022-03-18 Groundbreaking innovations have paved the way for new assistive approaches to support students with special needs. New technological innovations such as smart mobile devices and apps, wearable devices, web-based monitoring and support systems, artificial intelligence, and more are changing the way in which care and support can be given to students with special needs. These technologies range from encouraging self-care and independent living to supporting the completion of academic work, accommodating cognitive disabilities, or even supporting communication and socialization. The applications of assistive technologies are widespread and diverse in the ways in which the technology itself can be utilized and the people it can support. The increasing developments in technology are bringing in a new way of interventions for all types of students with diverse special needs in the modern educational atmosphere. Technology-Supported Interventions for Students With Special Needs in the 21st Century covers effective assistive modern technologies for overcoming specific challenges encountered by students with special needs for promoting their learning and development, educational attainment, social engagement, self-sufficiency, and quality of life. This book presents an overview of contemporary assistive tools and approaches integrated with digital technologies for students with special needs; shares findings of cutting-edge research on using digital technologies; provides evidence-based digital technology-facilitated tools and strategies for effective diagnosis, treatment, educational intervention, and care of students with special needs; and identifies promising areas and directions for future innovations, applications, and research. It is ideal for classroom teachers, special educators, educational technologists, intervention specialists, medical professionals, caregivers, administrators, policymakers, teacher educators, researchers,

academicians, and students interested in the use of assistive technologies for students with special needs in the digital era.

**technology and special education: Assistive Technology in Special Education** Diane Golden, 1998

**technology and special education: Educational Technology** Alan Cleary, Terry Mayes, Derek Packham, 1976

## Related to technology and special education

**These are the Top 10 Emerging Technologies of 2025** The World Economic Forum's latest Top 10 Emerging Technologies report explores the tech on the cusp of making a massive impact on our lives

**Explained: Generative AI's environmental impact - MIT News** MIT News explores the environmental and sustainability implications of generative AI technologies and applications

**Exploring the impacts of technology on everyday citizens** MIT Associate Professor Dwai Banerjee studies the impact of technology on society, ranging from cancer treatment to the global spread of computing

**How technology convergence is redefining the future** Innovation thrives on technology convergence or combination, convergence and compounding. Mastering these can tackle global challenges and shape technology

**Technology convergence is leading us to the fifth industrial** Technology convergence across industries is accelerating innovation, particularly in AI, biotech and sustainability, pushing us closer to the fifth industrial revolution. Bioprinting

**Technology Convergence Report 2025 | World Economic Forum** The Technology Convergence Report 2025 offers leaders a strategic lens - the 3C Framework - to help them navigate the combinatorial innovation era

**Does technology help or hurt employment? - MIT News** Economists used new methods to examine how many U.S. jobs have been lost to machine automation, and how many have been created as technology leads to new tasks. On

**The Future of Jobs Report 2025 | World Economic Forum** Technological change, geoeconomic fragmentation, economic uncertainty, demographic shifts and the green transition - individually and in combination are among the

**These are the top five energy technology trends of 2025** There are several key energy technology trends dominating 2025. Security, costs and jobs; decarbonization; China; India; and AI all need to be carefully monitored. The World

**Meet the Technology Pioneers driving innovation in 2025** The Forum's 25th cohort of Technology Pioneers is using tech to efficiently scale solutions to pressing global problems, from smart robotics to asteroid mining

## Related to technology and special education

**(STN Podcast E278) Expert Advice: Special Needs Legal Spotlight, Technology & Top Teams** (School Transportation News2h) Transfinder President and CEO Antonio Civitella shares how the company's technology tools support students with special needs

**(STN Podcast E278) Expert Advice: Special Needs Legal Spotlight, Technology & Top Teams** (School Transportation News2h) Transfinder President and CEO Antonio Civitella shares how the company's technology tools support students with special needs

**USD 383 candidates discuss technology, school safety and special education at forum** (The Manhattan Mercury15d) USD 383 school district candidates on Tuesday talked about school safety, special education and digital citizenship in the

**USD 383 candidates discuss technology, school safety and special education at forum** (The Manhattan Mercury15d) USD 383 school district candidates on Tuesday talked about school safety,

special education and digital citizenship in the

**How a District's Embrace of Esports Is Transforming Special Education** (Education Week8mon) Students with significant cognitive differences—such as autism spectrum disorder—often face isolation, anxiety, and depression. Many would like to engage in the same activities as their neurotypical

**How a District's Embrace of Esports Is Transforming Special Education** (Education Week8mon) Students with significant cognitive differences—such as autism spectrum disorder—often face isolation, anxiety, and depression. Many would like to engage in the same activities as their neurotypical

**Initiative addresses racial disparities in special education** (16don MSN) In partnership with San Francisco schools, GSE Professor Alfredo J. Artiles is leading a research project to reform a system disproportionately referring Black students to special education

**Initiative addresses racial disparities in special education** (16don MSN) In partnership with San Francisco schools, GSE Professor Alfredo J. Artiles is leading a research project to reform a system disproportionately referring Black students to special education

**How Special Education Might Change Under Trump: 5 Takeaways** (Education Week10mon) Students with disabilities are among the K-12 populations most likely to feel the impacts if some of President-elect Trump's most radical and sweeping proposals gain traction. The bulk of K-12 funding

**How Special Education Might Change Under Trump: 5 Takeaways** (Education Week10mon) Students with disabilities are among the K-12 populations most likely to feel the impacts if some of President-elect Trump's most radical and sweeping proposals gain traction. The bulk of K-12 funding

**Shared special education services coming to some New Orleans schools this fall** (NOLA.com4mon) This fall a handful of New Orleans schools will have access to centralized special education services, the first step in an effort to help autonomous charter schools join forces to serve students with

**Shared special education services coming to some New Orleans schools this fall** (NOLA.com4mon) This fall a handful of New Orleans schools will have access to centralized special education services, the first step in an effort to help autonomous charter schools join forces to serve students with

Back to Home: <https://staging.devenscommunity.com>