

sweet in spanish language

sweet in spanish language is a term that encompasses not only the direct translation of the word "sweet" but also its various nuances and cultural implications within Spanish-speaking communities. Understanding how to express sweetness in Spanish involves exploring different words, contexts, and idiomatic expressions. This article will delve into the primary translations of "sweet" in Spanish, explain their usage in everyday language, and highlight the cultural significance of sweetness in Hispanic traditions. Additionally, it will cover common phrases and vocabulary related to sweetness, helping learners and enthusiasts grasp the rich linguistic and cultural layers behind the word. The discussion will also include tips on pronunciation and examples to aid comprehension. Below is the table of contents outlining the main topics covered in this comprehensive guide.

- Basic Translations of Sweet in Spanish
- Contextual Uses of Sweet in Spanish
- Common Expressions and Idioms Involving Sweet
- Cultural Significance of Sweetness in Spanish-speaking Countries
- Pronunciation and Tips for Using Sweet in Spanish

Basic Translations of Sweet in Spanish

In the Spanish language, the word "sweet" can be translated in several ways depending on the context. The most common translation is *dulce*, which directly corresponds to sweet in terms of taste and flavor. However, other words may be used to describe sweetness in more figurative or specific situations. Understanding these basic translations is essential for accurate communication and comprehension.

Dulce: The Primary Translation

Dulce is the primary and most frequently used word for sweet in Spanish. It is an adjective and also a noun, referring to anything that has a sugary or pleasant taste. For example, *un postre dulce* means "a sweet dessert," and *los dulces* can refer to sweets or candies.

Other Translations and Synonyms

Besides *dulce*, there are other words that can convey the idea of sweet, especially in specific contexts:

- **Azucarado:** Meaning "sugary" or "sweetened," often used for drinks or foods with added sugar.
- **Meloso:** Describes something sweet in a rich, syrupy, or overly

sentimental way.

- **Empalagoso:** Refers to something excessively sweet to the point of being cloying or sickening.
- **Caramelizado:** Used to describe foods that have been caramelized, giving a sweet flavor.

Contextual Uses of Sweet in Spanish

The use of "sweet" in Spanish varies greatly depending on whether it describes taste, personality, or other qualities. This section explores how different contexts influence the choice of words and expressions related to sweetness.

Sweet Taste and Food

When referring to flavor, *dulce* is the standard term. It is used broadly for sweets, desserts, fruits, and any food items that have a sugary or pleasant taste. For instance, *la fruta es dulce* means "the fruit is sweet."

Sweet Personality Traits

To describe someone's personality as sweet or kind, Spanish speakers often use *dulce* as well. Saying *ella es muy dulce* translates as "she is very sweet," implying kindness or gentleness. Other expressions, like *amable* or *cariñoso*, may also complement this description.

Sweet Sounds and Smells

Sweet can also describe pleasant sounds or smells. For example, *una voz dulce* means "a sweet voice," denoting a melodious or soothing tone. Similarly, *un aroma dulce* refers to a sweet fragrance, such as floral or fruity scents.

Common Expressions and Idioms Involving Sweet

Spanish, like many languages, has a variety of idiomatic expressions that incorporate the concept of sweetness. These phrases often convey affection, praise, or sometimes irony.

Popular Sweet-Related Idioms

Here are some frequently used expressions involving sweetness:

- **Ser un dulce:** Literally "to be a sweet," meaning to be a kind or lovely person.
- **Estar como un dulce:** Used to compliment someone's appearance or

demeanor, meaning "to be as sweet as candy."

- **Dulce de leche:** A traditional sweet made from caramelized milk, commonly used in desserts.
- **Dulce hogar:** Translates as "sweet home," expressing affection for one's home.
- **Endulzar la píldora:** Literally "to sweeten the pill," meaning to make something unpleasant more acceptable.

Usage in Everyday Conversation

These idioms and expressions are commonly used in daily Spanish conversations to convey warmth, affection, or to soften statements. Understanding them enhances communication and cultural appreciation.

Cultural Significance of Sweetness in Spanish-speaking Countries

Sweetness holds a special place in the culinary and social traditions of Spanish-speaking countries. The concept of sweet foods and symbolic sweetness is deeply embedded in culture.

Sweets and Desserts in Hispanic Culture

Many Hispanic countries boast unique traditional sweets that reflect local ingredients and history. For example, *dulce de leche* in Argentina and Uruguay, *turrón* in Spain, and *alegrías* in Mexico are iconic sweet treats enjoyed during festivals and celebrations.

Sweetness as a Symbol of Affection

Sweetness often symbolizes kindness, love, and positive emotions in social interactions. Complimenting someone's sweetness is a way to express admiration and build rapport.

Festivals Celebrating Sweets

Numerous festivals across Spanish-speaking countries celebrate sweets and desserts, highlighting their importance in culture and heritage. These events showcase traditional recipes, promote local artisans, and preserve culinary customs.

Pronunciation and Tips for Using Sweet in

Spanish

Correct pronunciation and contextual usage are key to mastering the word sweet in Spanish. This section provides guidance on how to pronounce sweetness-related words and employ them effectively.

Pronunciation Guide

The word *dulce* is pronounced as ['dul.se] in Spanish, with the stress on the first syllable. The "d" is soft, and the "c" before "e" sounds like an "s" in Latin American Spanish or like a "th" in European Spanish.

Practical Tips for Usage

When using sweet-related words in Spanish, consider the following tips:

1. Match the adjective *dulce* in gender and number when necessary (e.g., *dulces* for plural).
2. Be aware of the context—use *dulce* for taste and personality, but choose other synonyms for specific nuances.
3. In idiomatic expressions, understand the figurative meaning rather than a literal translation.
4. Listen to native speakers to familiarize yourself with common phrases and pronunciation variations.

Frequently Asked Questions

How do you say 'sweet' in Spanish when referring to taste?

The word for 'sweet' in Spanish when referring to taste is 'dulce'.

What is the Spanish word for 'sweet' when describing a person?

When describing a person as 'sweet' in Spanish, you can use 'dulce' or 'amable' depending on the context.

How do you say 'sweet tooth' in Spanish?

The phrase 'sweet tooth' in Spanish is 'deseo de dulce' or 'gusto por lo dulce'.

Is 'dulce' used as both noun and adjective in Spanish?

Yes, 'dulce' can be used as an adjective meaning 'sweet' and as a noun referring to 'a sweet' or 'candy' in Spanish.

What are some common sweet desserts called in Spanish?

Common sweet desserts in Spanish include 'flan' (caramel custard), 'churros' (fried dough pastries), and 'tarta' (cake).

How do you say 'sweet dreams' in Spanish?

You say 'sweet dreams' in Spanish as 'dulces sueños'.

Additional Resources

1. *Dulce Tentación*

Este libro narra la historia de una joven pastelera que busca abrir su propia pastelería en un pueblo pequeño. A través de sus recetas y experiencias, el lector descubre el poder de los sabores dulces para unir a las personas. Una deliciosa mezcla de romance y tradición culinaria.

2. *El Secreto del Azúcar*

Una novela histórica que explora la importancia del azúcar en la economía y cultura de América Latina durante el siglo XIX. El protagonista, un joven agricultor, lucha por mantener la producción de caña de azúcar en tiempos difíciles. La historia combina hechos reales con una narrativa apasionante.

3. *Recetas Dulces para el Alma*

Un libro de cocina que ofrece una variedad de postres tradicionales españoles y latinoamericanos. Cada receta viene acompañada de una historia personal o cultural que enriquece la experiencia de preparación. Ideal para quienes buscan endulzar su vida con sabor y significado.

4. *La Dulzura de la Vida*

Esta obra de autoayuda reflexiona sobre cómo encontrar momentos de felicidad y dulzura en la rutina diaria. A través de cuentos y ejercicios, invita al lector a apreciar las pequeñas cosas que endulzan la existencia. Un libro inspirador para quienes buscan equilibrio emocional.

5. *Dulces Recuerdos de la Infancia*

Una colección de relatos cortos que evocan los sabores y aromas de los postres caseros hechos por los abuelos. Cada historia está impregnada de nostalgia y cariño, mostrando cómo lo dulce también puede ser una forma de amor. Perfecto para quienes disfrutan de la memoria y la tradición.

6. *El Arte del Dulce*

Un compendio ilustrado que presenta técnicas y secretos para crear dulces y confitería de alta calidad. Dirigido a profesionales y aficionados, el libro explica desde la elección de ingredientes hasta la presentación final. Una guía completa para dominar el mundo de lo dulce.

7. *Dulce Veneno*

Una novela de suspense donde el protagonista investiga una serie de

envenenamientos relacionados con postres en una prestigiosa pastelería. A medida que avanza la trama, se revelan secretos oscuros detrás de la fachada dulce. Un thriller que mezcla misterio con el arte culinario.

8. *La Dulzura del Amor Prohibido*

Un romance ambientado en una región vinícola, donde dos jóvenes de familias rivales se enamoran a pesar de las dificultades. El título simboliza la mezcla de placer y peligro que representa su relación. Una historia apasionada que muestra que el amor puede ser tan dulce como amargo.

9. *Dulces Tradiciones Navideñas*

Este libro recopila recetas y costumbres relacionadas con los postres típicos de la Navidad en diferentes países hispanohablantes. Además de las recetas, incluye anécdotas y leyendas que enriquecen la experiencia festiva. Ideal para quienes quieren celebrar con sabor y cultura.

[Sweet In Spanish Language](#)

Find other PDF articles:

<https://staging.devenscommunity.com/archive-library-808/Book?docid=vhI52-8480&title=wiring-dual-4-ohm-sub.pdf>

sweet in spanish language: Intercolonial Intimacies Paula C. Park, 2022-04-05 As a nation, the Philippines has a colonial history with both Spain and the United States. Its links to the Americas are longstanding and complex. *Intercolonial Intimacies* interrogates the legacy of the Spanish Empire and the cultural hegemony of the United States by analyzing the work of twentieth-century Filipino and Latin/o American writers and diplomats who often read one other and imagined themselves as kin. The relationships between the Philippines and the former colonies of the Spanish Empire in the Americas were strengthened throughout the twentieth century by the consolidation of a discourse of shared, even familiar, identity. This distinct inherited intercolonial bond was already disengaged from their former colonizer and further used to defy new forms of colonialism. By examining the parallels and points of contact between these Filipino and Latin American writers, Paula C. Park elaborates on the “intercolonial intimacies” that shape a transpacific understanding of coloniality and latinidad.

sweet in spanish language: Pre-Columbian Contact between the Americas and Oceania Andrea Ballesteros - Danel, 2024-09-11 This book weaves together theories of pre-Columbian trans-Pacific contact between Oceania and the Americas and analyses them from a history of ideas perspective. Despite limited factual evidence, trans-Pacific contact theories between the Americas and Oceania have been discussed in various forms since the sixteenth century and remain a persistent trope. To provide a context for the history of ideas of trans-Pacific contact involving the Americas and Oceania, this book addresses the changing conceptions of the Pacific according to scholars from Europe and the Americas, the development of science and later anthropology and archaeology in this region and in the Americas, and the growing understanding of the history of settlement of the Americas and the Pacific. This book covers views predominantly from the Global South, making them more accessible to an Anglophone audience worldwide.

sweet in spanish language: Source Materials for Secondary School Teachers of Foreign Languages Esther May Eaton, 1962

sweet in spanish language: Catalog of Copyright Entries. Third Series Library of

Congress. Copyright Office, 1968 Includes Part 1, Number 2: Books and Pamphlets, Including Serials and Contributions to Periodicals July - December)

sweet in spanish language: Circular - Office of Education United States. Office of Education, 1962

sweet in spanish language: Early Psychological Research Contributions from Women of Color, Volume 2 Rihana Shiri Mason, Jon E. Grahe, Michelle L. Ceynar, 2024-07-29 This volume serves as a companion to Early Psychological Research Contributions from Women of Color, Volume I. It focuses on the dissertations of 20 builders, women of color who earned their doctoral degrees in psychology prior to 1990 and who were leaders in the field through their leadership or innovation. An introductory chapter bridges the two volumes. Each subsequent chapter summarizes and examines a dissertation using a consistent format, including a biographical sketch of the builder with an emphasis on her significant contribution to an organization or innovation that moved the field forward, a summary of the dissertation, a reproducibility critique of the dissertation, and an alternative framework section that analyzes the dissertation from a modern theoretical perspective or methodological approach (e.g., feminist theory, liberation psychology, mestiza consciousness, etc.). The topics cover the breadth of the discipline of psychology, including physiological, cognitive, developmental, social, and clinical. Some topics are also relevant to business, education, medicine, and social work. The varying nature of these dissertations allows the book to be used to augment coursework either as a complete collection or as individual chapters. This volume is intended for both instructors and students. The course activities provide examples of how to integrate key aspects of the dissertation research into the classroom. The volume was written with upper-level undergraduate students in mind so that it could be used across the psychology curriculum, but the editors envision this book as a potential graduate-level text as well.

sweet in spanish language: The Chaco Mission Frontier James Schofield Saeger, 2022-08-23 Spanish missions in the New World usually pacified sedentary peoples accustomed to the agricultural mode of mission life, prompting many scholars to generalize about mission history. James Saeger now reconsiders the effectiveness of the missions by examining how Guaycuruan peoples of South America's Gran Chaco adapted to them during the eighteenth century. Because the Guaycuruans were hunter-gatherers less suited to an agricultural lifestyle, their attitudes and behaviors can provide new insight about the impact of missions on native peoples. Responding to recent syntheses of the mission system, Saeger proposes that missions in the Gran Chaco did not fit the usual pattern. Through research in colonial documents, he reveals the Guaycuruan perspective on the missions, thereby presenting an alternative view of Guaycuruan history and the development of the mission system. He investigates Guaycuruan social, economic, political, and religious life before the missions and analyzes subsequent changes; he then traces Guaycuruan history into the modern era and offers an assessment of what Catholic missions meant to these peoples. Saeger's research into Spanish documents is unique for its elicitation of the Indian point of view. He not only reconstructs Guaycuruan life independent of Spanish contact but also shows how these Indians negotiated the conditions under which they would adapt to the mission way of life, thereby retaining much of their independence. By showing that the Guaycuruans were not as restricted in missions as has been assumed, Saeger demonstrates that there is a distinct difference between the establishment of missions and conquest. The Chaco Mission Frontier helps redefine mission studies by correcting overgeneralization about their role in Latin America.

sweet in spanish language: Nelson's Encyclopaedia , 1907

sweet in spanish language: Nelson's Perpetual Loose-leaf Encyclopaedia , 1920

sweet in spanish language: Latinos: A Biography of the People Earl Shorris, 2012-01-09 Brilliant.... A loving and detailed celebration of a diverse, beautiful and often astounding people.—Laurence Gonzales, Chicago Tribune They are sometimes called the people who died twice, once at the hands of the Spaniards and their brutal process of civilization, then at the hands of Anglos, practicing a subtler exploitation. They are Latinos, the fastest-growing minority in the United States. Earl Shorris's deeply moving narrative—enlivened by biographical sketches of

Mexican Americans, Cuban Americans, Puerto Ricans, and many others struggling with the burden of a rich and terrible history—illuminates every aspect of the Latino experience in America, from language to education to social and political organization. [A] powerful, beautifully-written and thoughtful book...likely to remain unequalled in its sweep and profundity for some time to come.—J. Jorge Klor de Alva, *The New York Times Book Review* A smart, perceptive and wonderfully readable book.... Should be required reading for anyone who would hope to understand America.—Gerald Volgenau, *Boston Globe*

sweet in spanish language: *Bookseller's catalogues* Thornton J. and son, 1883

sweet in spanish language: **Feliz Nochebuena, Feliz Navidad** Maricel E. Presilla, 2014-11-04 Bittersweet memories, delicious recipes, and fabulous feasts await you in *Feliz Nochebuena, Feliz Navidad*, a sumptuous introduction to the history of Christmas celebrations in the Hispanic Caribbean. Beginning with her own memories of spit-roasted pork with a garlicky Seville orange adobo and holidays desserts such as turrónes, mazapán, and buñuelos, author Maricel E. Presilla takes us on a journey through the history of Christmas in the Hispanic islands. As she describes all of the foods of Christmas Eve (Nochebuena) and Christmas Day, she tells us about the peoples from around the world who brought their ingredients and recipes to the table. We meet Arabs whose almond trees yielded the key ingredient in mazapán; Taino farmers who grew yuca; Spanish conquistadores who hunted pigs like in medieval Europe; African slaves who combined rice and peas to create flavorful new dishes. As she introduces each group of peoples and their foods, Dr. Presilla gives us carefully tested recipes that allow readers of all ages to join in on the feast. Ismael Espinosa Ferrer's vibrant, colorful paintings evoke the magic of holidays in Cuba, Puerto Rico, and now the United States.

sweet in spanish language: *Writing the Americas in Enlightenment Spain* Thomas C. Neal, 1931-07-31 How did literary discourse about empire contribute to discussions about the implications of modernity and progress in eighteenth-century Spain? *Writing the Americas* seeks to answer this question by examining how novels, plays and short stories imagined and contested core notions about enlightened knowledge. Expanding upon recent transatlantic and postcolonial approaches to Spain's Enlightenment that have focused mostly on historiographical and scientific texts, this book disputes the long-standing perception of the Spanish Enlightenment as an imitative movement best defined best by its similarities with French and British contexts. Instead, through readings of major and minor texts by authors such as José Cadalso, Gaspar Melchor Jovellanos, Pedro Montengón and José María Blanco White, *Writing the Americas* argues that literary texts advanced a unique exploration of the compatibility between supposed universal principles and local histories, one which often diverged noticeably from dominant trends and patterns in Enlightenment thought elsewhere. The authors studied often drew directly from Spain's own imperial experiences to submit prevailing ideas about culture, commerce, education and political organization to scrutiny. *Writing the Americas* provides a new critical lens through which to reexamine the aesthetic and political content of eighteenth-century Spanish cultural production. While in the past, much of the debate about whether Spanish neoclassicism was modern literature has centered on formalistic qualities or romantic notions of originality or subjectivity, ultimately, *Writing the Americas* locates the modernity of these literary works within the very ideological tensions they display towards the prevailing intellectual trends of the time. The interdisciplinary content and approach of *Writing the Americas* make it a valuable resource for a broad range of scholars including specialists in eighteenth-century and modern Hispanic literature and culture, colonial Hispanic literature and culture, transatlantic American studies, European Enlightenment studies, and modernity studies.

sweet in spanish language: *Latinísimo* Sandra A. Gutierrez, 2023-10-03 An encyclopedic cookbook (from Chiles Rellenos and Tostones to Golden Coconut Chicken and Dulce de Leche Tart) celebrating Latin American home cooking—the first to cover the day-to-day home cooking of all twenty-one nations—by one of the most respected authorities on the subject As practical and day-to-day useful as it is revelatory . . . A book to treasure today and to pass on to a new generation of cooks tomorrow.” —Dorie Greenspan, *New York Times* bestselling cookbook author In this

monumental work, culinary expert Sandra A. Gutierrez shares more than three hundred everyday dishes—plus countless variations—that home cooks everywhere will want to replicate. Divided by ingredient—Beans, Corn, Yuca, Quinoa, and almost two dozen more—and featuring an extensive pantry section that establishes the fundamentals of Latin American cooking, *Latinísimo* brings together real recipes from home cooks in Argentina, Brazil, Belize, Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Uruguay, and Venezuela. Recipes include: •Tortillas de Nixtamal (Fresh Masa Tortillas) •Arroz con Pollo (Chicken and Rice) •Arepas Clásicas (Classic Arepas) •Solterito (Lima Bean, Corn, and Tomato Salad) •Sopa Seca con Albahaca à la Chinchana (One-Pot Spaghetti with Achiote and Basil) •Pastel de Tres Leches (Tres Leches Cake) And much, much more These are recipes that reflect the incredible breadth and richness of the culinary traditions of the region. Sweeping in its scope, and filled with history and stories, *Latinísimo* is an utterly essential resource for every kitchen.

sweet in spanish language: State Magazine , 2010

sweet in spanish language: *The Heathen Woman's Friend* , 1874

sweet in spanish language: United States Customs Court Reports United States. Customs Court, 1948

sweet in spanish language: Horse Nations Peter Mitchell, 2015-03-26 The Native American on a horse is an archetypal Hollywood image, but though such equestrian-focused societies were a relatively short-lived consequence of European expansion overseas, they were not restricted to North America's Plains. *Horse Nations* provides the first wide-ranging and up-to-date synthesis of the impact of the horse on the Indigenous societies of North and South America, southern Africa, and Australasia following its introduction as a result of European contact post-1492. Drawing on sources in a variety of languages and on the evidence of archaeology, anthropology, and history, the volume outlines the transformations that the acquisition of the horse wrought on a diverse range of groups within these four continents. It explores key topics such as changes in subsistence, technology, and belief systems, the horse's role in facilitating the emergence of more hierarchical social formations, and the interplay between ecology, climate, and human action in adopting the horse, as well as considering how far equestrian lifestyles were ultimately unsustainable.

sweet in spanish language: The Lamp [ed. by T.E. Bradley]. Thomas Earnshaw Bradley, 1883

sweet in spanish language: Foundations of Sephardic Spirituality Rabbi Marc D. Angel, PhD, 2011-09-26 Who were the Sephardic Jews of the Ottoman Empire? What lasting lessons does their spiritual life provide for future generations? “How did the Judeo-Spanish-speaking Jews of the Ottoman Empire manage to achieve spiritual triumph? To answer this question, we need to have a firm understanding of their historical experience.... We need to be aware of the dark, unpleasant elements in their environments; but we also need to see the spiritual, cultural light in their dwellings that imbued their lives with meaning and honor.” —from Chapter 1, “The Inner Life of the Sephardim” In this groundbreaking work, Rabbi Marc Angel explores the teachings, values, attitudes, and cultural patterns that characterized Judeo-Spanish life over the generations and how the Sephardim maintained a strong sense of pride and dignity, even when they lived in difficult political, economic, and social conditions. Along with presenting the historical framework and folklore of Jewish life in the Ottoman Empire, Rabbi Angel focuses on what you can learn from the Sephardic sages and from their folk wisdom that can help you live a stronger, deeper spiritual life.

Related to sweet in spanish language

The Sweet - Wikipedia The Sweet adopted the rich vocal harmony style of the Hollies, with distorted guitars and a heavy rhythm section. This fusion of pop and hard rock would remain a central trademark of Sweet's

SWEET Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of SWEET is being, inducing, or marked by the one of the five basic taste sensations that is usually pleasing to the taste and typically

induced by sugars (as sucrose or

SWEET | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary sweet adjective (PLEASANT) If an emotion or event is sweet, it is very pleasant and satisfying

Sweet - Definition, Meaning & Synonyms | Sweet can be an adjective or a noun. It can describe something pleasing to the senses, like a sweet song, or when you're playing basketball and get nothing but net

sweet - Wiktionary, the free dictionary sweet (comparative sweeter, superlative sweetest) Tasting of sugars. quotations

SWEET definition in American English | Collins English Dictionary If you describe someone as sweet, you mean that they are pleasant, kind, and gentle toward other people. He is a very kind and sweet man

Sweet - definition of sweet by The Free Dictionary Define sweet. sweet synonyms, sweet pronunciation, sweet translation, English dictionary definition of sweet. the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or

Sweet Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Sweet definition: Having the taste of sugar or a substance containing or resembling sugar, as honey or saccharin

SWEET Definition & Meaning | Sweet definition: having the taste or flavor characteristic of sugar, honey, etc.. See examples of SWEET used in a sentence

SWEET Synonyms: 403 Similar and Opposite Words - Merriam-Webster Synonyms for SWEET: adorable, dear, beautiful, lovely, precious, loved, lovable, darling; Antonyms of SWEET: hateful, loathsome, odious, unpleasant, detestable, abominable,

The Sweet - Wikipedia The Sweet adopted the rich vocal harmony style of the Hollies, with distorted guitars and a heavy rhythm section. This fusion of pop and hard rock would remain a central trademark of Sweet's

SWEET Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of SWEET is being, inducing, or marked by the one of the five basic taste sensations that is usually pleasing to the taste and typically induced by sugars (as sucrose or

SWEET | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary sweet adjective (PLEASANT) If an emotion or event is sweet, it is very pleasant and satisfying

Sweet - Definition, Meaning & Synonyms | Sweet can be an adjective or a noun. It can describe something pleasing to the senses, like a sweet song, or when you're playing basketball and get nothing but net

sweet - Wiktionary, the free dictionary sweet (comparative sweeter, superlative sweetest) Tasting of sugars. quotations

SWEET definition in American English | Collins English Dictionary If you describe someone as sweet, you mean that they are pleasant, kind, and gentle toward other people. He is a very kind and sweet man

Sweet - definition of sweet by The Free Dictionary Define sweet. sweet synonyms, sweet pronunciation, sweet translation, English dictionary definition of sweet. the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or

Sweet Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Sweet definition: Having the taste of sugar or a substance containing or resembling sugar, as honey or saccharin

SWEET Definition & Meaning | Sweet definition: having the taste or flavor characteristic of sugar, honey, etc.. See examples of SWEET used in a sentence

SWEET Synonyms: 403 Similar and Opposite Words - Merriam-Webster Synonyms for SWEET: adorable, dear, beautiful, lovely, precious, loved, lovable, darling; Antonyms of SWEET: hateful, loathsome, odious, unpleasant, detestable, abominable,

The Sweet - Wikipedia The Sweet adopted the rich vocal harmony style of the Hollies, with distorted guitars and a heavy rhythm section. This fusion of pop and hard rock would remain a central trademark of Sweet's

SWEET Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of SWEET is being, inducing, or

marked by the one of the five basic taste sensations that is usually pleasing to the taste and typically induced by sugars (as sucrose or

SWEET | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary sweet adjective (PLEASANT) If an emotion or event is sweet, it is very pleasant and satisfying

Sweet - Definition, Meaning & Synonyms | Sweet can be an adjective or a noun. It can describe something pleasing to the senses, like a sweet song, or when you're playing basketball and get nothing but net

sweet - Wiktionary, the free dictionary sweet (comparative sweeter, superlative sweetest) Tasting of sugars. quotations

SWEET definition in American English | Collins English Dictionary If you describe someone as sweet, you mean that they are pleasant, kind, and gentle toward other people. He is a very kind and sweet man

Sweet - definition of sweet by The Free Dictionary Define sweet. sweet synonyms, sweet pronunciation, sweet translation, English dictionary definition of sweet. the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or

Sweet Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Sweet definition: Having the taste of sugar or a substance containing or resembling sugar, as honey or saccharin

SWEET Definition & Meaning | Sweet definition: having the taste or flavor characteristic of sugar, honey, etc.. See examples of SWEET used in a sentence

SWEET Synonyms: 403 Similar and Opposite Words - Merriam-Webster Synonyms for SWEET: adorable, dear, beautiful, lovely, precious, loved, lovable, darling; Antonyms of SWEET: hateful, loathsome, odious, unpleasant, detestable, abominable,

The Sweet - Wikipedia The Sweet adopted the rich vocal harmony style of the Hollies, with distorted guitars and a heavy rhythm section. This fusion of pop and hard rock would remain a central trademark of Sweet's

SWEET Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of SWEET is being, inducing, or marked by the one of the five basic taste sensations that is usually pleasing to the taste and typically induced by sugars (as sucrose or

SWEET | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary sweet adjective (PLEASANT) If an emotion or event is sweet, it is very pleasant and satisfying

Sweet - Definition, Meaning & Synonyms | Sweet can be an adjective or a noun. It can describe something pleasing to the senses, like a sweet song, or when you're playing basketball and get nothing but net

sweet - Wiktionary, the free dictionary sweet (comparative sweeter, superlative sweetest) Tasting of sugars. quotations

SWEET definition in American English | Collins English Dictionary If you describe someone as sweet, you mean that they are pleasant, kind, and gentle toward other people. He is a very kind and sweet man

Sweet - definition of sweet by The Free Dictionary Define sweet. sweet synonyms, sweet pronunciation, sweet translation, English dictionary definition of sweet. the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or

Sweet Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Sweet definition: Having the taste of sugar or a substance containing or resembling sugar, as honey or saccharin

SWEET Definition & Meaning | Sweet definition: having the taste or flavor characteristic of sugar, honey, etc.. See examples of SWEET used in a sentence

SWEET Synonyms: 403 Similar and Opposite Words - Merriam-Webster Synonyms for SWEET: adorable, dear, beautiful, lovely, precious, loved, lovable, darling; Antonyms of SWEET: hateful, loathsome, odious, unpleasant, detestable, abominable,

The Sweet - Wikipedia The Sweet adopted the rich vocal harmony style of the Hollies, with distorted guitars and a heavy rhythm section. This fusion of pop and hard rock would remain a central trademark of Sweet's

SWEET Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of SWEET is being, inducing, or marked by the one of the five basic taste sensations that is usually pleasing to the taste and typically induced by sugars (as sucrose or

SWEET | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary sweet adjective (PLEASANT) If an emotion or event is sweet, it is very pleasant and satisfying

Sweet - Definition, Meaning & Synonyms | Sweet can be an adjective or a noun. It can describe something pleasing to the senses, like a sweet song, or when you're playing basketball and get nothing but net

sweet - Wiktionary, the free dictionary sweet (comparative sweeter, superlative sweetest) Tasting of sugars. quotations

SWEET definition in American English | Collins English Dictionary If you describe someone as sweet, you mean that they are pleasant, kind, and gentle toward other people. He is a very kind and sweet man

Sweet - definition of sweet by The Free Dictionary Define sweet. sweet synonyms, sweet pronunciation, sweet translation, English dictionary definition of sweet. the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or

Sweet Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Sweet definition: Having the taste of sugar or a substance containing or resembling sugar, as honey or saccharin

SWEET Definition & Meaning | Sweet definition: having the taste or flavor characteristic of sugar, honey, etc.. See examples of SWEET used in a sentence

SWEET Synonyms: 403 Similar and Opposite Words - Merriam-Webster Synonyms for SWEET: adorable, dear, beautiful, lovely, precious, loved, lovable, darling; Antonyms of SWEET: hateful, loathsome, odious, unpleasant, detestable, abominable,

Back to Home: <https://staging.devenscommunity.com>