

political science at ucla

political science at ucla offers a rigorous and dynamic academic experience for students interested in understanding the complexities of government, politics, and international relations. As one of the premier departments within the University of California, Los Angeles, it provides comprehensive undergraduate and graduate programs designed to equip students with analytical skills and theoretical knowledge. The department is known for its distinguished faculty, diverse course offerings, and strong emphasis on research and practical engagement in political processes. This article explores the various aspects of political science at UCLA, including academic programs, faculty expertise, research opportunities, and career prospects for graduates. Additionally, it highlights the unique resources and facilities that make UCLA a leading institution for political science studies. Below is an overview of the main sections covered in this article.

- Academic Programs in Political Science at UCLA
- Faculty and Research Expertise
- Research Opportunities and Resources
- Career Paths and Alumni Success
- Student Organizations and Extracurricular Activities

Academic Programs in Political Science at UCLA

The Department of Political Science at UCLA offers a variety of academic programs tailored to meet the needs of students at different stages of their educational journey. These programs emphasize critical thinking, empirical analysis, and the development of a deep understanding of political systems and behavior.

Undergraduate Programs

Undergraduate students can pursue a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science, which provides foundational knowledge in American politics, comparative politics, international relations, and political theory. The curriculum is designed to build strong analytical and research skills through coursework and seminars.

Graduate Programs

Graduate studies include Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy degrees, with a focus on advanced research methodologies and specialized fields within political science. Graduate students benefit from close mentorship by faculty members and access to extensive research resources.

Specializations and Interdisciplinary Studies

Political science at UCLA encourages interdisciplinary approaches, allowing students to combine their studies with related fields such as economics, sociology, law, and public policy. This flexibility enhances the academic experience and broadens career prospects.

Faculty and Research Expertise

The strength of political science at UCLA is significantly bolstered by its accomplished faculty, who are leaders in their respective fields. Faculty members engage in diverse areas of research, contributing to both academic scholarship and public policy debates.

Areas of Expertise

Faculty research spans multiple subfields including:

- American Politics and Political Behavior
- Comparative Politics and Political Economy
- International Relations and Security Studies
- Political Theory and Philosophy
- Public Law and Judicial Politics

Faculty Achievements and Contributions

Many faculty members have received prestigious awards, published influential books and articles, and actively participate in national and international policy discussions. Their expertise enriches the academic environment and provides students with access to cutting-edge political science research.

Research Opportunities and Resources

Political science at UCLA is supported by extensive research opportunities and resources that foster academic inquiry and professional development.

Research Centers and Institutes

The department collaborates with various research centers and institutes on campus, offering students opportunities to engage in interdisciplinary projects. Notable centers include those focused on international studies, public policy, and political economy.

Funding and Grants

Students and faculty have access to funding for research projects, conference travel, and fieldwork, enabling them to pursue innovative studies and disseminate their findings globally.

Library and Data Resources

UCLA provides comprehensive library collections and digital databases specializing in political science materials, including historical documents, government publications, and statistical datasets crucial for empirical research.

Career Paths and Alumni Success

The study of political science at UCLA prepares graduates for a variety of career paths in government, academia, the private sector, and non-profit organizations.

Government and Public Service

Many alumni pursue careers in local, state, and federal government agencies, working as policy analysts, legislative aides, or public administrators. The department's connections facilitate internships and job placements in these sectors.

Law and Judiciary

Political science graduates often continue their education in law school, leveraging their understanding of political institutions and legal frameworks to become lawyers, judges, or legal advisors.

Academia and Research

Some graduates choose to remain in academia, engaging in teaching and research roles that contribute to the advancement of political science knowledge.

International Organizations and NGOs

Graduates also find employment in international organizations, non-governmental organizations, and advocacy groups, where they apply their knowledge to global issues and policy development.

Student Organizations and Extracurricular Activities

Political science at UCLA is complemented by a vibrant community of student organizations and extracurricular activities that enhance learning and professional growth.

Political Science Student Association

This association provides networking opportunities, hosts guest lectures, and organizes events related to current political issues, allowing students to engage beyond the classroom.

Model United Nations and Debate Clubs

Students participate in Model United Nations conferences and debate clubs to develop public speaking, negotiation, and diplomacy skills essential for careers in political science.

Internships and Volunteer Opportunities

UCLA facilitates access to internships with governmental bodies, political campaigns, and advocacy organizations, giving students practical experience and professional contacts.

Frequently Asked Questions

What undergraduate programs are offered in Political Science at UCLA?

UCLA offers a Bachelor of Arts in Political Science with various specialization options including American Politics, Comparative Politics, International Relations, Political Theory, and Public Law.

Are there research opportunities for Political Science students at UCLA?

Yes, UCLA provides numerous research opportunities through faculty-led projects, research centers, and the Undergraduate Research Center, allowing students to engage in cutting-edge political science research.

What graduate degrees are available in Political Science at UCLA?

UCLA offers a Master of Arts and a Ph.D. program in Political Science, focusing on advanced research and specialization in areas such as political behavior, institutions, and public policy.

How does UCLA Political Science prepare students for careers?

The program offers internships, career workshops, and networking events with alumni and professionals, preparing students for careers in government, law, academia, public policy, and international organizations.

Are there any notable faculty members in UCLA's Political Science Department?

Yes, UCLA's Political Science Department includes renowned scholars specializing in fields such as comparative politics, political theory, and international relations, contributing to influential research and policy discussions.

What student organizations related to Political Science exist at UCLA?

There are several student organizations such as the UCLA Political Science Student Association, Model United Nations, and various debate and advocacy groups that provide extracurricular engagement for political science students.

Additional Resources

1. *Urban Politics and Policy in Los Angeles*

This book examines the complex political landscape of Los Angeles, focusing on urban governance, policymaking, and community activism. It explores how race, class, and economic interests shape political decisions in one of America's largest cities. The text offers insights into local government structures and the challenges faced in urban policy implementation.

2. *Democracy and Political Representation*

A comprehensive study on the theory and practice of democratic governance, this book delves into the mechanisms of political representation and participation. It addresses key issues such as voter behavior, electoral systems, and the role of political parties. The work is essential for understanding how democratic institutions function and evolve.

3. *Comparative Political Systems*

This text provides a detailed analysis of different political systems around the world, comparing authoritarian regimes, democracies, and hybrid models. It highlights the factors that influence regime stability and change. The book is a foundational resource for students seeking to understand global political diversity.

4. *Political Economy of Development*

Focusing on the intersection of politics and economics, this book explores how political institutions and policies impact economic development and growth. It discusses topics like corruption, governance, and international trade in developing countries. The text provides case studies that illustrate the challenges and successes in development policy.

5. *Social Movements and Political Change*

This book investigates the role of social movements in shaping political agendas and influencing policy outcomes. It covers historical and contemporary movements, analyzing strategies, successes, and failures. The author emphasizes the power of collective action in democratic societies.

6. *Public Policy Analysis: Theory and Practice*

A practical guide to the formulation, implementation, and evaluation of public policies, this book combines theoretical frameworks with real-world examples. It covers policy analysis tools and techniques used by policymakers and analysts. The text is designed to help students develop critical thinking skills in policy-making contexts.

7. *International Relations and Global Governance*

This title explores the dynamics of international politics, including diplomacy, conflict, and cooperation among states and international organizations. It discusses theories of

international relations and contemporary global issues such as security, human rights, and environmental policy. The book is crucial for understanding global political interactions.

8. *Race, Ethnicity, and American Politics*

Examining the intersection of race, ethnicity, and political behavior in the United States, this book analyzes how identity shapes political attitudes and participation. It also discusses policies related to civil rights and social justice. The text provides a critical perspective on the challenges and progress in American political life.

9. *Political Theory: Classical and Contemporary Readings*

This anthology brings together seminal texts from classical political philosophers alongside modern thinkers. It covers fundamental concepts such as justice, liberty, equality, and power. The collection encourages readers to engage deeply with the philosophical foundations of political science.

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political science at ucla: Identities Matter Angela Ju, 2025-03-21 Grandchildren of immigrants belonging to groups that have achieved high socioeconomic status choose which identities to leverage in the host country's political arena. The scholarship about political incorporation often assumes that immigrant groups and their descendants find it in their best interest to pursue mainstream political incorporation. Those immigrants who belong to ethnic minority groups might choose to engage politically in a number of ways, depending on their racial or economic status; Identities Matter: The Politics of Immigration and Incorporation looks at how descendants of minoritized groups who have achieved, generally speaking, high socioeconomic status choose to identify politically in their adopted nations. Contrary to many expectations about political and social incorporation of immigrants, it finds that assimilation is not necessarily advantageous for groups who are from or associated with countries that are more economically developed than their host country. When this is the case, these immigrant communities may choose to strategically associate themselves with the heritage country over the one in which they reside. The book draws on original research among third-generation Japanese and Jewish Brazilians to determine the seemingly paradoxical ways in which the descendants of immigrants choose which identities to emphasize in

the political arena. It shows that immigrant communities' strategies of political incorporation and social integration are framed within where they fall in existing ethno-racial and socioeconomic hierarchies, and that perceptions of discrimination drive third-generation descendants to vote in line with their ethnic interests. One particularly interesting finding is that in Brazil, a country that suffers from high levels of political corruption, Japanese Brazilian politicians are often incentivized to emphasize their Japanese-ness over their Brazilian-ness to convey to voters that they are more honest as political candidates than their more Brazilian opponents. Finally, ethnic community-based organizations allow these groups to leverage their identities transnationally.

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political science at ucla: The Human Face of Global Mobility Adrian Favell, 2017-07-12 Alongside flows of trade and capital, the free movement of professionals, technical personnel, and students is seen as a key aspect of globalization. Yet not much detailed empirical research has been completed about the trajectories and experiences of these highly skilled or highly educated international migrants. What little is known about these forms of global mobility, and the politics that surround them, contrasts with the abundant theories and accounts of other types of international migration--such as low income economic migration from less developed to core countries in the international political economy. Drawing on the work of a long-standing discussion group at the Center for Comparative and Global Research of UCLA's International Institute, this collection bridges conventional methodological divides, bringing together political scientists, sociologists, demographers, and ethnographers. It explores the reality behind assumptions about these new global migration trends. It challenges widely held views about the elite characteristics of these migrants, the costs and consequences of the brain drain said to follow from the migration of skilled workers, the determinants of national policies on high skilled migrants, and the presumed effortlessness of professional mobility in an integrating world. The volume also sheds new light on

international student migration, the politics of temporary, non-immigrant workers in the United States, new international forms of regulating movement, and the realities of the everyday lives of multinational employees in the world's transnational cities. Key differences between the regional contexts of this migration in Europe, North America, and the Asia-Pacific are also emphasized.

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