

inconclusive drug test results

inconclusive drug test results occur when the outcome of a drug screening does not clearly indicate whether a substance is present or absent in the tested sample. These ambiguous results can pose challenges for employers, medical professionals, and individuals undergoing drug testing. Understanding what causes inconclusive drug test results, how they are interpreted, and the steps to take afterward is crucial for ensuring fairness and accuracy in drug screening processes. This article explores the common reasons for inconclusive outcomes, the types of drug tests affected, and the best practices for handling such results. Additionally, it discusses legal and procedural considerations and offers guidance on retesting and further evaluation. The following sections provide a comprehensive overview of inconclusive drug test results and their implications.

- Causes of Inconclusive Drug Test Results
- Types of Drug Tests and Their Susceptibility to Inconclusive Results
- Interpreting and Handling Inconclusive Drug Test Results
- Legal and Procedural Implications
- Steps to Take After Receiving an Inconclusive Drug Test Result

Causes of Inconclusive Drug Test Results

Inconclusive drug test results can arise from a variety of factors that interfere with the accuracy and reliability of the screening process. These causes can be related to the sample itself, the testing procedure, or external influences affecting the test.

Sample Quality Issues

One of the primary causes of inconclusive drug test results is poor sample quality. This includes insufficient sample volume, contamination, or degradation of the specimen. For example, urine samples that are too dilute or too concentrated can produce unclear results, as can saliva or hair samples that are improperly collected or stored.

Interfering Substances

Certain medications, foods, or chemicals can interfere with drug test assays,

leading to ambiguous findings. Over-the-counter medications, prescription drugs, and even some herbal supplements may contain compounds that cross-react with test reagents, causing false positives, false negatives, or inconclusive outcomes.

Laboratory or Technical Errors

Errors during the analytical process, such as equipment malfunction, reagent degradation, or human error, can also result in inconclusive drug test results. Proper laboratory protocols and quality control measures are essential to minimize these risks.

Timing of the Test

The timing of sample collection relative to substance use is another critical factor. Drug metabolites may be present in levels too low to detect or may have already cleared the body, making it difficult to definitively confirm or rule out drug use.

Types of Drug Tests and Their Susceptibility to Inconclusive Results

Different drug testing methods vary in their sensitivity, specificity, and likelihood of producing inconclusive results. Understanding these differences helps determine when and why inconclusive results may occur.

Urine Drug Tests

Urine screening is the most common drug testing method and is generally reliable. However, it is susceptible to dilution, contamination, and adulteration, which can lead to inconclusive results. Additionally, some substances may not be detectable in urine after a certain period, complicating interpretation.

Saliva Drug Tests

Saliva testing is less invasive and provides information about recent drug use, but it is more prone to inconclusive results due to factors like low drug concentration, contamination from food or drink, and collection technique variability.

Hair Drug Tests

Hair analysis offers a longer detection window but can be complicated by external contamination, hair treatments, and variability in hair growth rates. These factors can contribute to inconclusive or borderline findings.

Blood Drug Tests

Blood testing is highly accurate but invasive and expensive. It is less commonly used for routine screening but may yield inconclusive results if the sample is mishandled or if the drug concentration is near the detection threshold.

Interpreting and Handling Inconclusive Drug Test Results

When confronted with inconclusive drug test results, it is essential to approach interpretation carefully and consider all relevant factors to avoid misjudgments.

Consulting Medical and Toxicology Experts

Expert evaluation by medical professionals or toxicologists can help clarify unclear test results. They can assess possible interference, consider medical history, and recommend additional testing or analysis.

Confirmatory Testing

Confirmatory tests, such as gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS) or liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS), provide more precise and definitive results. These tests are usually performed after an initial inconclusive or positive screening to validate findings.

Documentation and Reporting

Proper documentation of inconclusive results, including the reasons and any follow-up actions, is critical for transparency and compliance with regulatory standards. Reports should clearly state that results are inconclusive and outline recommended next steps.

Legal and Procedural Implications

Inconclusive drug test results can have significant legal and procedural consequences for employers, employees, and individuals involved in legal or medical evaluations.

Employment and Workplace Policies

Many workplace drug testing programs have specific policies addressing inconclusive results. These policies often require retesting or medical review before making employment decisions to prevent unjust consequences.

Privacy and Confidentiality

Handling inconclusive drug test results necessitates strict adherence to privacy laws and confidentiality requirements, protecting individuals from unauthorized disclosure of sensitive information.

Regulatory Compliance

Organizations must comply with federal, state, and local regulations governing drug testing procedures and result management. Inconclusive results must be managed in accordance with these legal frameworks to avoid liability.

Steps to Take After Receiving an Inconclusive Drug Test Result

When an inconclusive drug test result is received, several steps should be followed to ensure proper resolution and accuracy.

- 1. Review the Testing Procedure:** Verify sample collection, handling, and testing protocols to identify potential errors or issues.
- 2. Request Confirmatory Testing:** Conduct more specific and sensitive confirmatory tests to clarify the initial findings.
- 3. Consult Healthcare Professionals:** Engage medical experts to interpret the results in the context of individual health and medication use.
- 4. Follow Organizational Policies:** Adhere to established workplace or program guidelines for managing inconclusive results.
- 5. Communicate Clearly:** Inform all relevant parties about the inconclusive outcome and planned next steps in a transparent manner.

Frequently Asked Questions

What does an inconclusive drug test result mean?

An inconclusive drug test result means that the test did not provide a clear positive or negative outcome. This can be due to factors such as insufficient sample quantity, contamination, or interference from certain medications or substances.

What should I do if my drug test result is inconclusive?

If your drug test result is inconclusive, you should contact the testing facility or your employer to discuss next steps. Often, a retest or a more specific confirmatory test like GC-MS (Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry) will be requested to obtain a definitive result.

Can an inconclusive drug test result affect my employment?

An inconclusive drug test can potentially affect your employment, depending on the employer's policies. Some employers may require a retest or additional testing before making any decisions, while others may treat inconclusive results cautiously. It's important to communicate and follow the instructions provided.

What factors can cause a drug test to be inconclusive?

Factors that can cause inconclusive drug test results include sample contamination, improper sample collection or storage, low concentration of metabolites, presence of interfering substances, or technical errors during the testing process.

Is it possible to challenge an inconclusive drug test result?

Yes, it is possible to challenge an inconclusive drug test result. You can request a retest or a confirmatory test at an independent laboratory. Providing information about any medications or supplements you are taking may also help clarify the results.

Additional Resources

1. *Understanding Inconclusive Drug Test Results: Causes and Implications*

This book explores the various factors that can lead to inconclusive drug test outcomes, from sample contamination to metabolic variations. It provides a comprehensive overview of testing methodologies and how external variables may influence results. Readers will gain insight into interpreting ambiguous findings and the importance of context in drug testing.

2. *The Science Behind Drug Testing: Navigating Uncertain Results*

Focusing on the scientific principles of drug testing, this book delves into the biochemical mechanisms and laboratory processes involved. It highlights the common reasons tests may return inconclusive results and discusses advancements in testing technology aimed at reducing uncertainty. The author also addresses legal and ethical considerations in handling inconclusive cases.

3. *Drug Testing Challenges: When Results Are Not Clear*

Addressing the practical challenges faced by medical professionals and employers, this book examines scenarios where drug tests fail to provide definitive answers. It includes case studies that illustrate the impact of inconclusive results on treatment decisions and workplace policies. Strategies for managing and retesting are also discussed.

4. *Interpreting Ambiguous Drug Test Results: A Guide for Clinicians*

Designed for healthcare providers, this guide offers detailed protocols for interpreting and responding to inconclusive drug tests. It covers differential diagnosis, patient history assessment, and follow-up testing options. The book emphasizes communication strategies to discuss uncertain results with patients effectively.

5. *Legal Implications of Inconclusive Drug Testing*

This book investigates the ramifications of inconclusive drug test outcomes in legal contexts, including employment disputes, criminal cases, and insurance claims. It reviews case law and regulatory standards related to drug testing reliability. Readers will understand how inconclusive results can affect legal decisions and the rights of the individuals involved.

6. *Advances in Drug Testing Technology: Reducing Inconclusive Outcomes*

Highlighting recent innovations in drug detection methods, this book showcases how new technologies aim to minimize inconclusive results. It covers developments in mass spectrometry, immunoassays, and molecular diagnostics. The author also discusses future trends and the potential impact on clinical and forensic toxicology.

7. *Psychological and Social Effects of Inconclusive Drug Test Results*

This book explores the emotional and societal consequences for individuals receiving inconclusive drug test outcomes. It discusses stigma, anxiety, and the impact on personal relationships and employment. The text suggests support mechanisms and counseling approaches to help affected individuals cope with uncertainty.

8. *Case Studies in Inconclusive Drug Testing: Lessons Learned*

Through a collection of real-world cases, this book provides an in-depth look at the complexities surrounding inconclusive drug tests. Each case is analyzed to identify contributing factors and outcomes. The book serves as a valuable resource for professionals seeking practical insights and improved decision-making strategies.

9. *Best Practices for Managing Inconclusive Drug Test Results*

This practical handbook offers standardized procedures and policies for organizations dealing with inconclusive drug tests. It includes guidelines for sample handling, retesting protocols, and communication with stakeholders. The book aims to promote fairness, accuracy, and transparency in drug testing programs.

Inconclusive Drug Test Results

Find other PDF articles:

<https://staging.devenscommunity.com/archive-library-508/pdf?docid=bLB49-5501&title=medical-office-manager-training.pdf>

inconclusive drug test results: *Drugs in the Workplace* , 1989

inconclusive drug test results: *NIDA Research Monograph* , 1976

inconclusive drug test results: *Decisions and Orders of the National Labor Relations Board*
United States. National Labor Relations Board, 2008

inconclusive drug test results: *Drug Testing in the Workplace* S. Macdonald, P. Roman, 2012-12-06 "Previous volumes have been well received and the present work should be no exception....In a field where advances contribute to the widening gap between clinician and researchers, this volume serves to close that distance."-*Alcoholism-Clinical and Experimental Research*, from a review of a previous volume

inconclusive drug test results: *Improving Treatment for Drug-exposed Infants* Stephen R. Kandall, 1993

inconclusive drug test results: *Decisions and Orders of the National Labor Relations Board, V. 353, September 8, 2008 Through April 20, 2009* National Labor Relations Board, 2010-08-06 Includes the decisions and orders of the Board, a table of cases, and a cross reference index from the advance sheet numbers to the volume page numbers.

inconclusive drug test results: *Treatment Improvement Protocol (TIP) Series* , 1993

inconclusive drug test results: *The Substance Abuse Handbook* Pedro Ruiz, Eric C. Strain, John Langrod, 2007 The Substance Abuse Handbook succinctly presents the most clinically relevant information from Lowinson, Ruiz, Millman and Langrod's Substance Abuse: A Comprehensive Textbook, Fourth Edition. In a user-friendly format, this portable handbook provides all the information health care professionals need to diagnose and treat addictive disorders and associated medical conditions. Major sections cover etiological factors, substances of abuse, compulsive and addictive behaviors, evaluation and diagnostic classification, treatment modalities, management of associated medical conditions, substance abuse in children, adolescents, and the elderly, women's issues, special groups and settings, models of prevention, training and education, and policy issues.

inconclusive drug test results: *Forensic Toxicology* Susannah Davies, Atholl Johnston, David

Holt, 2019-03-15 New designer drugs, access to databases, and changing availability of samples for analysis have changed the face of modern forensic toxicology in recent years. *Forensic Toxicology: Drug Use and Misuse* brings together the latest information direct from experts in each sub-field of the discipline providing a broad overview of current thinking and the most innovative approaches to case studies. The text begins with an in-depth discussion of pharmacoepidemiology, including information on the value of nationwide databases in forensic toxicology. The use and abuse of drugs in driving, sport and the workplace are then discussed by industry experts who are conducting case work in their field. Not only are new drug groups discussed (NPS), but also their constantly changing impact on drug legislation. Synthetic cannabinoids, khat and mephedrone are discussed in detail. Following a section devoted to legislation and defence, readers will find comprehensive chapters covering sample choice reflecting the increasing use of hair and oral fluid, and also the less commonly used sweat and nail analysis. New and old case examples are compared and contrasted in the final part of the book, which will enable readers to understand how drugs impact on each other and how the interpretative outcome of a case are dependent on many aspects. From use of pharmaceutical drugs in a clinical setting, through smart drugs to new psychoactive drugs, this book documents the wide range in which drugs today are abused. This book will be an essential resource for postgraduate students in forensic toxicology, and for researchers in forensic toxicology laboratories who need the latest data and knowledge.

inconclusive drug test results: Racing with Risk: The Epic Tale of Gamblers, the Derby, and a Cartel Conspiracy Jacquelyn Underwood, 2025-04-18 In this captivating book, you'll journey through the thrilling world of horse racing and uncover the gripping tale of gamblers, the iconic Kentucky Derby, and a clandestine cartel conspiracy. From the heart-pounding races to the shadowy dealings behind the scenes, this narrative immerses you in an extraordinary saga of risk, intrigue, and the pursuit of fortune. The main content delves into the gripping stories of renowned gamblers who dared to challenge the odds, the legendary Kentucky Derby and its enduring allure, and the explosive revelation of a cartel's sinister plot. You'll witness firsthand the exhilaration, drama, and consequences that unfold within this extraordinary realm. This book is not just an account of events but a testament to the human spirit's relentless pursuit of excitement and its willingness to take calculated risks. It highlights the allure of gambling, the adrenaline rush that comes with it, and the complexities that can arise when it becomes intertwined with ambition and deceit. Whether you're a seasoned racing enthusiast or simply curious about the captivating stories that surround this world, this book promises an immersive and unforgettable experience.

inconclusive drug test results: Rigged: Annie Dookhan, Sonja Farak and the Drug War in the Nation's Most Liberal Police State Jamie Folk, This book has been nine years in the making; it is derived from court documents, grand jury testimony excerpts and police reports on arrests, investigations and prosecutions associated with the Amherst and Hinton drug-testing labs. Through these documents I discovered that the media and government officials were not giving the people of Massachusetts a true picture of events. Annie Dookhan rigged the evidence she was supposed to be objectively testing to ensure her friends in the DA's offices and police departments around the state got what they wanted: positive test results that forced defendants to take a plea deal or stipulate to all charges. She was not alone; the drug-addicted chemist, Sonja Farak, was equally culpable, and officers of state agencies both colluded in test-rigging and worked to cover up the scandal when it broke. The evidence is laid out in court documents and the words of the chemists themselves, in email correspondence obtained through hundreds of public records requests. This is a story of government malfeasance and corruption on a shocking level; the public has a right to know what their government does when they think no one is looking. Some of this story has been presented to the public in news and magazine articles and even a Netflix documentary (*How to Fix a Drug Scandal*), but to date no publication has told the public the whole truth of what happened at the Hinton and Amherst drug labs.

inconclusive drug test results: Invisible Crimes Pamela Davies, Peter Francis, Victor Jupp, 2016-07-27 *Invisible Crimes* is an edited volume containing a collection of articles from a

distinguished panel of academics. The book explores many features of 'invisible' crimes and in doing so provides numerous examples of hidden crimes and victimisations. The book will be invaluable to students of criminology at both undergraduate and postgraduate level. It will also inspire academics from a range of disciplines to update, rewrite and offer new courses on neglected crimes and victimisations.

inconclusive drug test results: *Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests* Jacques Burton Wallach, 2007 Providing the answers for a range of adult and paediatric conditions, this text summarises the available tests for most diseases, explaining what the results mean, and discussing differential diagnoses. It also includes additional tests based on molecular biology.

inconclusive drug test results: *The Army Lawyer*, 1986

inconclusive drug test results: Luck of the Devil Patricia Eimer, 2014-02-24 Luck of the Devil (Speak of the Devil, Book 1) by Patricia Eimer Being the youngest daughter of the Devil isn't all it's cracked up to be. The days of teenage rebellion and vows of chastity made just to tick off her father are over, and now all Faith Bettincourt wants is a nice, quiet life. Unfortunately, thanks to the unexpected arrival of her demonically-downsized sister, a ditzzy succubus roommate, and dear old Dad himself, Faith's plans for a relaxing vacation spent watching reruns go up in flames. Now it's all Faith can do to keep the family reunion from Hell (literally) under wraps, and the angelically-inclined hottie across the hall from realizing there's something weird about his neighbor. And, thankfully, it's working. Until an angelic stalker shows up in a bid to steal her powers and take over the world. Forget watching reruns. With the way things are going, Faith will need the luck of the Devil just to survive until Monday.

inconclusive drug test results: Business & Society Archie B. Carroll, Ann K. Buchholtz, 2000 Business and Society: Ethics and Stakeholder Management uses numerous case histories to help you focus on the relationships between business and society stakeholders. You will thoroughly examine major stakeholder groups and individuals--such as the government, consumers, the environment, communities, employees and owners--as well as ethical and strategic considerations. Once again, author Archie Carroll has woven cutting-edge research into an easy-to-read, understandable presentation.

inconclusive drug test results: Fundamental Concepts and Skills for the Patient Care Technician - E-Book Kimberly Townsend Little, 2022-06-19 Master the skills you need to succeed as a patient care technician! Fundamental Concepts and Skills for the Patient Care Technician, 2nd Edition provides a solid foundation in healthcare principles and in the procedures performed by PCTs and other health professionals. Coverage of skills includes patient hygiene, infection control, taking vital signs, moving and positioning of patients, blood and specimen collecting and testing, ECG placement and monitoring, care of the surgical patient, care of older adults, and more. Clear, step-by-step instructions help you learn each procedure, and may also be used as skills checklists. Written by nursing educator Kimberly Townsend Little, this text prepares students for success on Patient Care Technician or Nursing Assistant Certification exams. - More than 100 step-by-step skills and procedures cover the information found on the Nursing Assistant and Patient Care Technician certification exams. - Practice Scenarios present realistic case studies with questions to help you practice critical thinking and apply concepts to the practice setting. - Delegation and Documentation boxes cover the information needed from the nurse before a procedure and what information should be recorded after the procedure. - Illness and Injury Prevention boxes highlight important safety issues. - Chapter review questions test your understanding of important content. - Chapter summaries emphasize key points to remember. - Chapter objectives and key terms outline the important concepts and essential terminology in each chapter. - NEW! A chapter on medication administration is added to this edition. - NEW! New content is included on NG and gastric tubes, oral suctioning, incentive spirometry, use of a bladder scanner, and inserting peripheral IVs. - NEW! Updated guidelines include CPR and dietary guidelines.

inconclusive drug test results: The Official Guide for GMAT Review 2015 with Online Question Bank and Exclusive Video GMAC (Graduate Management Admission Council), 2014-06-26

This is the only official study guide from the creators of the test and delivers more than 900 retired GMAT® questions and answer explanations and a 100- question diagnostic exam to help focus your test preparation efforts. NEW to The Official Guide for GMAT® Review 2015: Access to the online Question Bank including more than 900 practice questions of all types with answers and explanations, math review, essay topics, and a diagnostic test, as well as access to 50 online integrated reasoning questions. Exclusive access to videos from real test takers and GMAC staff who share insight and tips on GMAT® preparation.

inconclusive drug test results: The Official Guide for GMAT Review 2015 with Online Question Bank and Exclusive Video Graduate Management Admission Council, 2014-07-08
Reviews topics covered on the verbal, quantitative, and integrated reasoning portions of the test; provides test-taking strategies; and includes a diagnostic test with answers and detailed explanations.

inconclusive drug test results: Merchant Marine Drug Testing United States. Congress. House. Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries. Subcommittee on Merchant Marine, 1988

Related to inconclusive drug test results

Diet and prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK There isn't any strong evidence that you should eat or avoid particular foods when you have prostate cancer. But you should try to have a healthy diet and stay within the government

Sonia's story | Thyroid cancer | Cancer Research UK Sonia's story Read Sonia's thyroid cancer story about getting diagnosed, radioactive iodine therapy and life after cancer. I was on holiday for my husband's 40th birthday when I first

PET scan and Cancer | What is a PET scan? | PET scan meaning A PET scan is a test that creates 3 dimensional (3D) pictures of the inside of your body. PET stands for positron emission tomography

Biopsy for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK The most sure way of diagnosing pancreatic cancer is by taking a sample of tissue (biopsy) and looking at it under a microscope. Find out about the different ways of taking biopsies to check

Tests for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK You have a number of tests to check for prostate cancer. These may include a digital rectal examination, a PSA blood test, scans and a biopsy

Cervical Screening Results | Cancer Research UK You usually get your cervical screening results in the post. It can take from 2 to 6 weeks. Most people have a normal screening test result

Lipoma Benign Lump | Other Conditions | Cancer Research UK A lipoma is a non cancerous (benign) lump that forms due to an overgrowth of fat cells. You can get a lipoma anywhere on the body where you have fat cells

Tests for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK Your GP or specialist might arrange for you to have a number of tests. Find out about the tests you might have to diagnose and stage pancreatic cancer, including a physical examination,

Bowel cancer screening - Cancer Research UK Bowel cancer screening aims to check for bowel cancer or abnormalities that could lead to bowel cancer. There are separate bowel screening programmes for the different countries in the UK

TNM staging for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK The TNM staging is a way of describing how far prostate cancer has grown. It stands for Tumour, Node, Metastasis

Diet and prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK There isn't any strong evidence that you should eat or avoid particular foods when you have prostate cancer. But you should try to have a healthy diet and stay within the government

Sonia's story | Thyroid cancer | Cancer Research UK Sonia's story Read Sonia's thyroid cancer story about getting diagnosed, radioactive iodine therapy and life after cancer. I was on holiday for my husband's 40th birthday when I first

PET scan and Cancer | What is a PET scan? | PET scan meaning A PET scan is a test that creates 3 dimensional (3D) pictures of the inside of your body. PET stands for positron emission

tomography

Biopsy for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK The most sure way of diagnosing pancreatic cancer is by taking a sample of tissue (biopsy) and looking at it under a microscope. Find out about the different ways of taking biopsies to check

Tests for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK You have a number of tests to check for prostate cancer. These may include a digital rectal examination, a PSA blood test, scans and a biopsy

Cervical Screening Results | Cancer Research UK You usually get your cervical screening results in the post. It can take from 2 to 6 weeks. Most people have a normal screening test result

Lipoma Benign Lump | Other Conditions | Cancer Research UK A lipoma is a non cancerous (benign) lump that forms due to an overgrowth of fat cells. You can get a lipoma anywhere on the body where you have fat cells

Tests for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK Your GP or specialist might arrange for you to have a number of tests. Find out about the tests you might have to diagnose and stage pancreatic cancer, including a physical examination,

Bowel cancer screening - Cancer Research UK Bowel cancer screening aims to check for bowel cancer or abnormalities that could lead to bowel cancer. There are separate bowel screening programmes for the different countries in the UK

TNM staging for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK The TNM staging is a way of describing how far prostate cancer has grown. It stands for Tumour, Node, Metastasis

Diet and prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK There isn't any strong evidence that you should eat or avoid particular foods when you have prostate cancer. But you should try to have a healthy diet and stay within the government

Sonia's story | Thyroid cancer | Cancer Research UK Sonia's story Read Sonia's thyroid cancer story about getting diagnosed, radioactive iodine therapy and life after cancer. I was on holiday for my husband's 40th birthday when I first

PET scan and Cancer | What is a PET scan? | PET scan meaning A PET scan is a test that creates 3 dimensional (3D) pictures of the inside of your body. PET stands for positron emission tomography

Biopsy for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK The most sure way of diagnosing pancreatic cancer is by taking a sample of tissue (biopsy) and looking at it under a microscope. Find out about the different ways of taking biopsies to check

Tests for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK You have a number of tests to check for prostate cancer. These may include a digital rectal examination, a PSA blood test, scans and a biopsy

Cervical Screening Results | Cancer Research UK You usually get your cervical screening results in the post. It can take from 2 to 6 weeks. Most people have a normal screening test result

Lipoma Benign Lump | Other Conditions | Cancer Research UK A lipoma is a non cancerous (benign) lump that forms due to an overgrowth of fat cells. You can get a lipoma anywhere on the body where you have fat cells

Tests for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK Your GP or specialist might arrange for you to have a number of tests. Find out about the tests you might have to diagnose and stage pancreatic cancer, including a physical examination,

Bowel cancer screening - Cancer Research UK Bowel cancer screening aims to check for bowel cancer or abnormalities that could lead to bowel cancer. There are separate bowel screening programmes for the different countries in the UK

TNM staging for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK The TNM staging is a way of describing how far prostate cancer has grown. It stands for Tumour, Node, Metastasis

Diet and prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK There isn't any strong evidence that you should eat or avoid particular foods when you have prostate cancer. But you should try to have a healthy diet and stay within the government

Sonia's story | Thyroid cancer | Cancer Research UK Sonia's story Read Sonia's thyroid cancer story about getting diagnosed, radioactive iodine therapy and life after cancer. I was on holiday for

my husband's 40th birthday when I

PET scan and Cancer | What is a PET scan? | PET scan meaning A PET scan is a test that creates 3 dimensional (3D) pictures of the inside of your body. PET stands for positron emission tomography

Biopsy for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK The most sure way of diagnosing pancreatic cancer is by taking a sample of tissue (biopsy) and looking at it under a microscope. Find out about the different ways of taking biopsies to check

Tests for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK You have a number of tests to check for prostate cancer. These may include a digital rectal examination, a PSA blood test, scans and a biopsy

Cervical Screening Results | Cancer Research UK You usually get your cervical screening results in the post. It can take from 2 to 6 weeks. Most people have a normal screening test result

Lipoma Benign Lump | Other Conditions | Cancer Research UK A lipoma is a non cancerous (benign) lump that forms due to an overgrowth of fat cells. You can get a lipoma anywhere on the body where you have fat cells

Tests for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK Your GP or specialist might arrange for you to have a number of tests. Find out about the tests you might have to diagnose and stage pancreatic cancer, including a physical examination,

Bowel cancer screening - Cancer Research UK Bowel cancer screening aims to check for bowel cancer or abnormalities that could lead to bowel cancer. There are separate bowel screening programmes for the different countries in the UK

TNM staging for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK The TNM staging is a way of describing how far prostate cancer has grown. It stands for Tumour, Node, Metastasis

Diet and prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK There isn't any strong evidence that you should eat or avoid particular foods when you have prostate cancer. But you should try to have a healthy diet and stay within the government

Sonia's story | Thyroid cancer | Cancer Research UK Sonia's story Read Sonia's thyroid cancer story about getting diagnosed, radioactive iodine therapy and life after cancer. I was on holiday for my husband's 40th birthday when I first

PET scan and Cancer | What is a PET scan? | PET scan meaning A PET scan is a test that creates 3 dimensional (3D) pictures of the inside of your body. PET stands for positron emission tomography

Biopsy for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK The most sure way of diagnosing pancreatic cancer is by taking a sample of tissue (biopsy) and looking at it under a microscope. Find out about the different ways of taking biopsies to check

Tests for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK You have a number of tests to check for prostate cancer. These may include a digital rectal examination, a PSA blood test, scans and a biopsy

Cervical Screening Results | Cancer Research UK You usually get your cervical screening results in the post. It can take from 2 to 6 weeks. Most people have a normal screening test result

Lipoma Benign Lump | Other Conditions | Cancer Research UK A lipoma is a non cancerous (benign) lump that forms due to an overgrowth of fat cells. You can get a lipoma anywhere on the body where you have fat cells

Tests for pancreatic cancer - Cancer Research UK Your GP or specialist might arrange for you to have a number of tests. Find out about the tests you might have to diagnose and stage pancreatic cancer, including a physical examination,

Bowel cancer screening - Cancer Research UK Bowel cancer screening aims to check for bowel cancer or abnormalities that could lead to bowel cancer. There are separate bowel screening programmes for the different countries in the UK

TNM staging for prostate cancer - Cancer Research UK The TNM staging is a way of describing how far prostate cancer has grown. It stands for Tumour, Node, Metastasis

Related to inconclusive drug test results

Nebraska lawmakers move to end prison system's reliance on inconclusive drug tests

(Lincoln Journal Star5mon) Nebraska lawmakers took steps Friday to limit the state prison system's reliance on inconclusive field tests to discipline incarcerated people suspected of harboring drugs a year after the Legislature

Nebraska lawmakers move to end prison system's reliance on inconclusive drug tests

(Lincoln Journal Star5mon) Nebraska lawmakers took steps Friday to limit the state prison system's reliance on inconclusive field tests to discipline incarcerated people suspected of harboring drugs a year after the Legislature

Back to Home: <https://staging.devenscommunity.com>