# czech vs polish language

czech vs polish language comparison offers a fascinating insight into two closely related West Slavic languages. Both languages share roots in the Slavic language family but have evolved differently in pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, and usage. Understanding the differences and similarities between Czech and Polish is essential for linguists, language learners, and those interested in Central European cultures. This article explores the origins, phonetics, grammar structures, vocabulary distinctions, and mutual intelligibility of the Czech and Polish languages. Additionally, it highlights cultural and historical influences that have shaped these languages over centuries. The detailed analysis provides readers with a comprehensive understanding of how Czech and Polish compare and contrast in various linguistic aspects.

- Historical and Linguistic Origins
- Phonetics and Pronunciation
- Grammar and Syntax Differences
- Vocabulary Comparison
- Mutual Intelligibility and Language Learning
- Cultural and Regional Influences

# Historical and Linguistic Origins

The Czech and Polish languages both belong to the West Slavic branch of the Slavic language family, which also includes Slovak and Sorbian languages. Their origins trace back to the Proto-Slavic language spoken by Slavic tribes in Eastern Europe around the 5th to 9th centuries AD. Both languages developed under different historical and geopolitical influences that contributed to their unique linguistic identities.

# **Development Through History**

Czech evolved primarily within the Kingdom of Bohemia, influenced by the Holy Roman Empire and later the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Polish, on the other hand, developed within the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth and was influenced by Latin, German, and other neighboring languages. These historical contexts affected the languages' vocabulary and grammar.

# Classification within Slavic Languages

While both Czech and Polish are West Slavic languages, Czech is often considered closer to Slovak, forming the Czech-Slovak subgroup, whereas Polish forms its own subgroup within West Slavic languages. This classification reflects subtle structural and lexical differences.

# **Phonetics and Pronunciation**

Phonetic differences are among the most noticeable distinctions between the Czech vs Polish language. Each language has a unique set of sounds and pronunciation rules that can affect comprehension and learning.

#### Consonants and Vowels

Polish features nasal vowels (ą, ę), which are absent in Czech. This nasalization is a key phonetic characteristic of Polish. Czech, in contrast, has a distinctive "ř" sound, a raised alveolar trill, which does not exist in Polish.

#### Stress Patterns

Both languages generally place stress on the first syllable of words, but Polish stress can sometimes fall on the penultimate syllable, especially in loanwords or verb forms, whereas Czech stress is more consistently on the first syllable.

# **Phonetic Challenges for Learners**

Pronunciation challenges differ for speakers of each language. Czech learners of Polish often struggle with nasal vowels, while Polish learners of Czech find the "ř" sound difficult to master.

# **Grammar and Syntax Differences**

Grammar is a fundamental area where the Czech vs Polish language comparison reveals both commonalities and divergences. Both languages share complex inflectional systems but vary in specific grammatical rules.

### Noun Cases and Declensions

Both Czech and Polish use seven cases: nominative, genitive, dative, accusative, vocative, locative, and instrumental. However, the declension

patterns and case endings differ between the two, affecting how nouns and adjectives are modified.

# **Verb Conjugations**

Verb conjugation in Czech and Polish involves different suffixes and aspectual distinctions. Czech verbs often have simpler forms in the past tense compared to Polish, which exhibits more irregularities. Additionally, Polish uses the future tense formed with auxiliary verbs more frequently.

# Syntax and Word Order

Both languages typically follow a Subject-Verb-Object order but allow flexibility due to their inflectional nature. Czech tends to allow more word order variation for emphasis, while Polish syntax is slightly more rigid.

# **Vocabulary Comparison**

Examining vocabulary differences provides insight into how the Czech vs Polish language developed distinct lexical identities despite shared roots.

#### **Shared Roots and False Friends**

Many words in Czech and Polish share the same Proto-Slavic origin, resulting in cognates that are similar in form and meaning. However, there are also numerous false friends—words that look or sound alike but differ in meaning.

#### Loanwords and Influences

Polish vocabulary contains numerous borrowings from Latin, German, and French, while Czech has absorbed influences from German and Latin, and to a lesser extent, English in modern times. These loanwords contribute to differences in everyday vocabulary.

# **Examples of Vocabulary Differences**

• Water: Czech - voda, Polish - woda

• Thank you: Czech - děkuji, Polish - dziękuję

• House: Czech - dům, Polish - dom

• Window: Czech - okno, Polish - okno

• Car: Czech - auto, Polish - samochód

# Mutual Intelligibility and Language Learning

The question of how well speakers of Czech and Polish understand each other is central to the Czech vs Polish language discussion. Mutual intelligibility varies depending on factors such as context, exposure, and individual language proficiency.

### Mutual Understanding Among Speakers

Speakers of Czech and Polish generally find it challenging to fully understand each other without prior exposure. However, due to shared linguistic features, basic communication is often possible, especially in written form or simple conversation.

### Language Learning Considerations

For language learners, the similarities between Czech and Polish can be advantageous, as learning one language facilitates understanding of the other. Nevertheless, learners must be aware of specific phonetic, grammatical, and vocabulary differences to avoid confusion.

### Factors Affecting Mutual Intelligibility

- Exposure to the other language through media or travel
- Familiarity with related West Slavic languages
- Individual linguistic aptitude and learning strategies
- Context and complexity of the conversation

# Cultural and Regional Influences

Language is deeply intertwined with culture and history, and the Czech vs Polish language comparison must consider these contextual elements.

# Historical Interactions and Cultural Exchange

Czech and Polish cultures have influenced each other through centuries of political alliances, wars, and trade. These interactions have shaped linguistic borrowings and expressions in both languages.

### Contemporary Usage and Media

Modern media, literature, and education systems play significant roles in preserving and evolving both Czech and Polish languages. Cross-cultural exchanges continue to introduce new vocabulary and idiomatic expressions.

### Regional Dialects and Variations

Within both Czech and Polish, there are regional dialects that further diversify the languages. These dialects can pose additional challenges for mutual understanding but enrich the linguistic landscape of Central Europe.

# Frequently Asked Questions

# What are the main differences between Czech and Polish languages?

Czech and Polish are both West Slavic languages but differ in pronunciation, vocabulary, and some grammatical structures. For example, Polish uses nasal vowels, which Czech lacks, and Czech has the ř sound, unique to the language.

### Are Czech and Polish mutually intelligible?

Czech and Polish are partially mutually intelligible, especially in written form, but speakers may have difficulty understanding each other fully due to differences in pronunciation, vocabulary, and idiomatic expressions.

# Which language is easier to learn for a native English speaker: Czech or Polish?

Both Czech and Polish are considered challenging for English speakers due to complex grammar and pronunciation, but Polish is often regarded as slightly more difficult due to its nasal vowels and consonant clusters.

### Do Czech and Polish share similar alphabets?

Czech and Polish alphabets are similar but have some differences. Polish includes letters like ł, ń, and ś, while Czech has characters like ř and ě.

# How do the verb conjugations compare between Czech and Polish?

Both Czech and Polish have complex verb conjugations with aspects (perfective and imperfective), but Czech verb forms are often considered more regular, while Polish verbs can have more irregularities and a wider range of conjugation patterns.

# Are there any cultural influences reflected in Czech and Polish languages?

Yes, both languages reflect their unique cultural and historical backgrounds. Polish has been influenced by Latin and German due to historical ties, while Czech includes elements from German and Latin as well, reflecting their Central European heritage.

## Which language uses more cases: Czech or Polish?

Both Czech and Polish use seven grammatical cases. However, the usage and forms of these cases can vary slightly between the two languages.

# Is it common for Czechs and Poles to learn each other's language?

While it is not very common, some Czechs and Poles learn each other's languages, especially in border regions and for business or cultural exchange. Mutual intelligibility helps but significant effort is still needed to master the other language.

# **Additional Resources**

- 1. Czech and Polish: A Comparative Linguistic Study
  This book offers an in-depth comparison of the Czech and Polish languages,
  exploring their phonetic, grammatical, and lexical similarities and
  differences. It is ideal for linguists and language learners interested in
  Slavic languages. The author also delves into historical developments that
  shaped both languages.
- 2. The Slavic Siblings: Czech and Polish Language Interactions
  Focusing on the cultural and linguistic exchanges between Czech and Polish
  speakers, this book highlights how geography and history influenced language
  evolution. It includes case studies of bilingual communities and codeswitching phenomena. Readers gain insight into the mutual intelligibility and
  divergence of the two languages.

- 3. Grammar Essentials of Czech and Polish
  A practical guide for students and educators, this book compares the core
  grammatical structures of Czech and Polish. It covers verb conjugations, noun
  cases, and syntax, accompanied by exercises for hands-on learning. The clear
  explanations make it a valuable resource for mastering either language.
- 4. Phonology and Pronunciation: Czech vs. Polish
  This volume examines the sound systems of Czech and Polish, noting key
  distinctions in consonants, vowels, and stress patterns. It provides audio
  examples and phonetic transcriptions to aid learners in acquiring accurate
  pronunciation. The book also discusses regional accents and dialectal
  variations.
- 5. Lexical Divergence and Convergence in Czech and Polish
  Exploring vocabulary, this book identifies words that are cognates, false
  friends, and unique to each language. It investigates how historical events
  and external influences affected their lexicons. Useful for translators and
  language enthusiasts, it enhances understanding of word usage and meaning.
- 6. Historical Linguistics: Czech and Polish Language Development
  This scholarly work traces the historical pathways of Czech and Polish from
  their common Slavic roots to the present day. It covers phonetic shifts,
  morphological changes, and the impact of political borders on language
  standardization. The book provides a timeline of key linguistic milestones.
- 7. Language Contact and Borrowing Between Czech and Polish
  The book analyzes loanwords and linguistic borrowing resulting from centuries
  of contact between Czech and Polish speakers. It examines sociolinguistic
  factors driving language change and mutual influence. Detailed examples
  demonstrate how languages adapt through contact.
- 8. Learning Czech and Polish: A Comparative Approach
  Designed for language learners, this book offers parallel lessons in Czech
  and Polish, highlighting similarities to facilitate quicker acquisition. It
  includes dialogues, vocabulary lists, and cultural notes to enrich the
  learning experience. The comparative method helps learners transfer knowledge
  between languages.
- 9. Slavic Language Identity: Czech vs. Polish Perspectives
  This book discusses how language shapes national and cultural identity in
  Czech and Polish contexts. It explores linguistic pride, language policy, and
  the role of language in literature and media. The author provides a sociopolitical lens on the significance of linguistic differences and
  commonalities.

# Czech Vs Polish Language

Find other PDF articles:

czech vs polish language: Analysis of Verbal and Nonverbal Communication and Enactment. The Processing Issues Anna Esposito, Alessandro Vinciarelli, Klara Vicsi, Catherine Pelachaud, Anton Nijholt, 2011-12-02 This volume brings together the advanced research results obtained by the European COST Action 2102 Cross Modal Analysis of Verbal and Nonverbal Communication, primarily discussed at the PINK SSPnet-COST2102 International Conference on Analysis of Verbal and Nonverbal Communication and Enactment: The Processing Issues, held in Budapest, Hungary, in September 2010. The 40 papers presented were carefully reviewed and selected for inclusion in the book. The volume is arranged into two scientific sections. The first section, Multimodal Signals: Analysis, Processing and Computational Issues, deals with conjectural and processing issues of defining models, algorithms, and heuristic strategies for data analysis, coordination of the data flow and optimal encoding of multi-channel verbal and nonverbal features. The second section, Verbal and Nonverbal Social Signals, presents original studies that provide theoretical and practical solutions to the modelling of timing synchronization between linguistic and paralinguistic expressions, actions, body movements, activities in human interaction and on their assistance for an effective human-machine interactions.

czech vs polish language: Polish language guide for travelers YouGuide Ltd,
czech vs polish language: The Anatomy of Polish Offensive Words Łukasz Zarzycki,
2024-01-15 Swearing plays an important role in everyday language. We swear in the streets, at
school, universities, at work and at home, on the means of transport, with family and friends. People
have used swear words for centuries and they will continue to use them. The Anatomy of Polish
Offensive Words examines offensive and vulgar language of young Poles in their everyday life
including its forms, uses, manifestations and the ways in which people censor their words and
sentences. The book presents a novel viewpoint on people's psyche since we observe how society
reacts to other humans so as to impose taboos by censoring Polish language. This book is the first
book written in English on Polish swearing intended for the international reader (both linguists and
non-linguists) who can benefit from it. It offers an intriguing look into Polish swear words, their
classification in terms of offensiveness both from the perspective of quantitative and qualitative
research but also from the AI (Artificial Intelligence) viewpoint. Mixed methods research, i.e., a
questionnaire-based study and a corpus-based study, makes the research original. The findings
deepen our understanding of swearing and its role in language.

czech vs polish language: Politics and the Slavic Languages Tomasz Kamusella, 2021-06-17 During the last two centuries, ethnolinguistic nationalism has been the norm of nation building and state building in Central Europe. The number of recognized Slavic languages (in line with the normative political formula of language = nation = state) gradually tallied with the number of the Slavic nation-states, especially after the breakups of Czechoslovakia, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. But in the current age of borderless cyberspace, regional and minority Slavic languages are freely standardized and used, even when state authorities disapprove. As a result, since the turn of the 19th century, the number of Slavic languages has varied widely, from a single Slavic language to as many as 40. Through the story of Slavic languages, this timely book illustrates that decisions on what counts as a language are neither permanent nor stable, arguing that the politics of language is the politics in Central Europe. The monograph will prove to be an essential resource for scholars of linguistics and politics in Central Europe.

**czech vs polish language:** *Introduction to the Study of Language* Tadeusz Milewski, 2019-05-20 No detailed description available for Introduction to the Study of Language.

czech vs polish language: Czech Broadside Ballads as Text, Art, Song in Popular Culture, c.1600-1900 Patricia Fumerton, Pavel Kosek, Marie Hanzelková, 2025-10-01 This

landmark collection makes a major contribution to the burgeoning field of broadside ballad study by investigating the hitherto unexplored treasure-trove of over 100,000 Central/Eastern European broadside ballads of the Czech Republic, from the 16th to the 19th century. Viewing Czech broadside ballads from an interdisciplinary perspective, we see them as unique and regional cultural phenomena: from their production and collecting processes to their musicology, linguistics, preservation, and more. At the same time, as contributors note, when viewed within a larger perspective—extending one's gaze to take in ballad production in bordering lands (such as Germany, Poland, and Slovakia) and as far Northwest as Britain to as far Southwest as Brazil—we discover an international phenomenon at work. Czech printed ballads, we see, participated in a thriving popular culture of broadside ballads that spoke through text, art, and song to varied interests of the masses, especially the poor, worldwide.

czech vs polish language: Computational Linguistics and Intelligent Text Processing Alexander Gelbukh, 2006-02-03 This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 7th International Conference on Computational Linguistics and Intelligent Text Processing, held in February 2006. The 43 revised full papers and 16 revised short papers presented together with three invited papers were carefully reviewed and selected from 176 submissions. The papers are structured into two parts and organized in topical sections on computational linguistics research.

**czech vs polish language:** *British Qualifications* Kogan Page, 2006 The field of professional, academic and vocational qualifications is ever-changing. The new edition of this highly successful and practical guide provides thorough information on all developments. Fully indexed, it includes details on all university awards and over 200 career fields, their professional and accrediting bodies, levels of membership and qualifications. It acts as an one-stop guide for careers advisors, students and parents, and will also enable human resource managers to verify the qualifications of potential employees.

**czech vs polish language: The Politics of Language and Nationalism in Modern Central Europe** T. Kamusella, 2008-12-16 This work focuses on the ideological intertwining between Czech, Magyar, Polish and Slovak, and the corresponding nationalisms steeped in these languages. The analysis is set against the earlier political and ideological history of these languages, and the panorama of the emergence and political uses of other languages of the region.

**czech vs polish language:** <u>British Qualifications</u> Kogan Page, 2004 In a single volume, the new edition of this guide gives comprehensive coverage of the developments within the fast-changing field of professional, academic and vocational qualifications. career fields, their professional and accrediting bodies, levels of membership and qualifications, and is a one-stop guide for careers advisors, students and parents. It should also enable human resource managers to verify the qualifications of potential employees.

**czech vs polish language: Medieval Slavic Studies** Roman Jakobson, 2010-12-14 No detailed description available for Medieval Slavic Studies.

czech vs polish language: Origins of Yiddish Dialects Alexander Beider, 2015 This book traces the origins of modern varieties of Yiddish and presents evidence for the claim that, contrary to most accounts, Yiddish only developed into a separate language in the 15th century. Through a careful analysis of Yiddish phonology, morphology, orthography, and the Yiddish lexicon in all its varieties, Alexander Beider shows how what are commonly referred to as Eastern Yiddish and Western Yiddish have different ancestors. Specifically, he argues that the western branch is based on German dialects spoken in western Germany with some Old French influence, while the eastern branch has its origins in German dialects spoken in the modern-day Czech Republic with some Old Czech influence. The similarities between the two branches today are mainly a result of the close links between the underlying German dialects, and of the close contact between speakers. Following an introduction to the definition and classification of Yiddish and its dialects, chapters in the book investigate the German, Hebrew, Romance, and Slavic components of Yiddish, as well as the sound changes that have occurred in the various dialects. The book will be of interest to all those working in the areas of Yiddish and Jewish Studies in particular, and historical linguistics and history more

generally.

**czech vs polish language:** *God's Playground A History of Poland* Norman Davies, 2005-02-24 This new edition of Norman Davies's classic study of the history of Poland has been revised and fully updated with two new chapters to bring the story to the end of the twentieth century. The writing of Polish history, like Poland itself, has frequently fallen prey to interested parties. Professor Norman Davies adopts a sceptical stance towards all existing interpretations and attempts to bring a strong dose of common sense to his theme. He presents the most comprehensive survey in English of this frequently maligned and usually misunderstood country.

czech vs polish language: Examination Decrees and Regulations University of Oxford, 1989

**czech vs polish language:** *Silesia and Central European Nationalisms* Tomasz Kamusella, 2007 This book analyzes the problems of nation building in the Central European region of Silesia in 1848 to 1918. The German ethnic model of nation building steeped in language and culture had been replicated in the case of Polish and Czech nationalisms. Silesia became a focal point as an area that was sought after by all three nations.

**czech vs polish language:** Studies in American Folklife, 1982

czech vs polish language: Ethnic Recordings in America American Folklife Center, 1982 czech vs polish language: Active Borders in Europe Karel B. Müller, 2023-01-01 This book explores how identities, public spheres and collective memories are being transformed in cross-border areas, contributing to the broad sociological context of Europeanization. Offering case studies on the German-Czech-Austrian, and Czech-Polish-German borderlands, the book introduces original primary data on cross-border cooperation. This data is interpreted using the concept of active borders, which approaches borders as a source of multicultural competence and cognitive capacity. In turn, the authors argue that Europeans need to treat borders, both territorial and symbolic, as specific cultural forms. Active borders allow an unprecedented level of cross-border cooperation and integration, and foster a better understanding of differences, rather than re-embedding them or constructing others. Accordingly, the authors contend that active borders promote more dynamic, open and resilient societies, and represent crucial prerequisites for the success of the European integration project.

**czech vs polish language: University of Michigan Official Publication** University of Michigan, 1973 Each number is the catalogue of a specific school or college of the University.

czech vs polish language: The Essential Guide to Being Polish Anna Spysz, Marta Turek, 2014-04-29 Being Polish is no joke. For ten million people of Polish ancestry in the United States, as well as many who have settled in the UK since the fall of communism, it is a heartfelt matter -- and amid all the travel guides and guides to Polish language, folklore, and customs, there is no single, comprehensive, reader-friendly and yet ever-informative reference on what it means to be Polish. Enter The Essential Guide to Being Polish -- the go-to concise resource for anyone looking to reconnect with their culture or, indeed, hoping that their friends, children, or colleagues learn something about their heritage. Divided into three sections to make for an easy-to-follow format --Poland in Context, Poles in Poland, and Poles Abroad -- this guide covers just about everything and does so in a style that is at once entertaining and informative: the country's history and geography, wars, Jews in Poland, the communist past, the post-communist past and present, language, kings and queens, religion/Catholicism (with special focus on Pope John Paul II), holidays, food, and drink. What is a real Polish wedding all about? That, too, is addressed succinctly and with flair in this guide. Other chapters cover literature, music, art, famous scientists, Polish men and Polish women, Poles in America, Poles in the UK, Poles and the EU, and last but not least, Polish pride. From the Trade Paperback edition.

#### Related to czech vs polish language

**Czech Name Days** Czech Name Days Discover over 365 Czech names that are part of the Czech calendar! In the Czech Republic, almost every day of the year is someone's name day (svátek or

jmeniny in

**My Czech Republic - More than a destination guide** My Czech Republic covers a range of topics from Czech travel and tourist information to Czech cuisine, traditions and culture, language, history, and more. It is run by long-time Prague

**Czech History** Czech Legends Learn about the origin of Prague, read the story of the Golem, the famous tale of Horymír and his horse Šemík, and other Prague and Czech legends

Czech Name Diminutives and Shortened Forms Female Names Go to male names >> A Adéla - Adélka, Ada, Áda Adriana - Adrianka, Adri, Áda Agáta - Agátka Albína - Albínka, Albi Alena English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Male Names Go to female names >> A Adam - Adam Adolph - Adolf Alan - Alan Albert - Albert Alex - Alexej Alexander - Alexandr Alfred - Alfred Alphonse - Alfons Ambrose - Ambrož

**Prague Public Transport Tickets and Passes - My Czech Republic** There are several types of public transport tickets in Prague, which are distinguished by their length of validity - from 30 minutes to 72 hours. If you're planning to see some sights and use

**Czech Holidays and Traditions** Czech folklore is full of traditions, some of which are practiced to this day. We've chosen some Czech holidays and customs that are observed during the year. January 6: The Three Kings

**1790 - 1914:** National Revival to World War I - My Czech Republic 1790 - 1914: National Revival to World War I << 1526 - 1790: The Habsburg Dynasty to Joseph II A nationalist movement called the National Revival (národní obrození) started at the end of the

English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Female Names Go to male names >> A Adele - Adéla Adrianne - Adriana Agatha - Agáta Agnes - Anežka Alexandra - Alexandra Alice, Alicia - Alice Amelia - Amálie Anastasia - Anastázie

**Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain** Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain Stores selling beautiful Czech crystal and glass products are plentiful in Prague, as are those offering Czech porcelain. A unique gift is a handmade replica

**Czech Name Days** Czech Name Days Discover over 365 Czech names that are part of the Czech calendar! In the Czech Republic, almost every day of the year is someone's name day (svátek or imeniny in

My Czech Republic - More than a destination guide My Czech Republic covers a range of topics from Czech travel and tourist information to Czech cuisine, traditions and culture, language, history, and more. It is run by long-time Prague

**Czech History** Czech Legends Learn about the origin of Prague, read the story of the Golem, the famous tale of Horymír and his horse Šemík, and other Prague and Czech legends

Czech Name Diminutives and Shortened Forms Female Names Go to male names >> A Adéla - Adélka, Ada, Áda, Áda Adriana - Adrianka, Adri, Áda Agáta - Agátka Albína - Albínka, Albi Alena English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Male Names Go to female names >> A Adam - Adam Adolph - Adolf Alan - Alan Albert - Albert Alex - Alexej Alexander - Alexandr Alfred - Alfred Alphonse - Alfons Ambrose - Ambrož

**Prague Public Transport Tickets and Passes - My Czech Republic** There are several types of public transport tickets in Prague, which are distinguished by their length of validity - from 30 minutes to 72 hours. If you're planning to see some sights and use

**Czech Holidays and Traditions** Czech folklore is full of traditions, some of which are practiced to this day. We've chosen some Czech holidays and customs that are observed during the year. January 6: The Three Kings

**1790 - 1914:** National Revival to World War I - My Czech Republic 1790 - 1914: National Revival to World War I << 1526 - 1790: The Habsburg Dynasty to Joseph II A nationalist movement called the National Revival (národní obrození) started at the end of the

English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Female Names Go to male names >> A Adele - Adéla Adrianne - Adriana Agatha - Agáta Agnes - Anežka Alexandra - Alexandra Alice, Alicia - Alice Amelia - Amálie Anastasia - Anastázie

**Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain** Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain Stores selling beautiful Czech crystal and glass products are plentiful in Prague, as are those offering Czech porcelain. A unique gift is a handmade replica

**Czech Name Days** Czech Name Days Discover over 365 Czech names that are part of the Czech calendar! In the Czech Republic, almost every day of the year is someone's name day (svátek or jmeniny in

My Czech Republic - More than a destination guide My Czech Republic covers a range of topics from Czech travel and tourist information to Czech cuisine, traditions and culture, language, history, and more. It is run by long-time Prague

**Czech History** Czech Legends Learn about the origin of Prague, read the story of the Golem, the famous tale of Horymír and his horse Šemík, and other Prague and Czech legends

Czech Name Diminutives and Shortened Forms Female Names Go to male names >> A Adéla - Adélka, Ada, Áda, Áda Adriana - Adrianka, Adri, Áda Agáta - Agátka Albína - Albínka, Albi Alena English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Male Names Go to female names >> A Adam - Adam Adolph - Adolf Alan - Alan Albert - Albert Alex - Alexej Alexander - Alexandr Alfred - Alfred Alphonse - Alfons Ambrose - Ambrož

**Prague Public Transport Tickets and Passes - My Czech Republic** There are several types of public transport tickets in Prague, which are distinguished by their length of validity - from 30 minutes to 72 hours. If you're planning to see some sights and use

**Czech Holidays and Traditions** Czech folklore is full of traditions, some of which are practiced to this day. We've chosen some Czech holidays and customs that are observed during the year. January 6: The Three Kings

**1790 - 1914:** National Revival to World War I - My Czech Republic 1790 - 1914: National Revival to World War I << 1526 - 1790: The Habsburg Dynasty to Joseph II A nationalist movement called the National Revival (národní obrození) started at the end of the

English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Female Names Go to male names >> A Adele - Adéla Adrianne - Adriana Agatha - Agáta Agnes - Anežka Alexandra - Alexandra Alice, Alicia - Alice Amelia - Amálie Anastasia - Anastázie

**Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain** Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain Stores selling beautiful Czech crystal and glass products are plentiful in Prague, as are those offering Czech porcelain. A unique gift is a handmade replica

**Czech Name Days** Czech Name Days Discover over 365 Czech names that are part of the Czech calendar! In the Czech Republic, almost every day of the year is someone's name day (svátek or jmeniny in

**My Czech Republic - More than a destination guide** My Czech Republic covers a range of topics from Czech travel and tourist information to Czech cuisine, traditions and culture, language, history, and more. It is run by long-time Prague

**Czech History** Czech Legends Learn about the origin of Prague, read the story of the Golem, the famous tale of Horymír and his horse Šemík, and other Prague and Czech legends

Czech Name Diminutives and Shortened Forms Female Names Go to male names >> A Adéla - Adélka, Ada, Áda, Áda Adriana - Adrianka, Adri, Áda Agáta - Agátka Albína - Albínka, Albi Alena English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Male Names Go to female names >> A Adam - Adam Adolph - Adolf Alan - Alan Albert - Albert Alex - Alexej Alexander - Alexandr Alfred - Alfred Alphonse - Alfons Ambrose - Ambrož

**Prague Public Transport Tickets and Passes - My Czech Republic** There are several types of public transport tickets in Prague, which are distinguished by their length of validity - from 30 minutes to 72 hours. If you're planning to see some sights and use

**Czech Holidays and Traditions** Czech folklore is full of traditions, some of which are practiced to this day. We've chosen some Czech holidays and customs that are observed during the year. January 6: The Three Kings

1790 - 1914: National Revival to World War I - My Czech Republic 1790 - 1914: National

Revival to World War I << 1526 - 1790: The Habsburg Dynasty to Joseph II A nationalist movement called the National Revival (národní obrození) started at the end of the

English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Female Names Go to male names >> A Adele - Adéla Adrianne - Adriana Agatha - Agáta Agnes - Anežka Alexandra - Alexandra Alice, Alicia - Alice Amelia - Amálie Anastasia - Anastázie

**Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain** Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain Stores selling beautiful Czech crystal and glass products are plentiful in Prague, as are those offering Czech porcelain. A unique gift is a handmade replica

**Czech Name Days** Czech Name Days Discover over 365 Czech names that are part of the Czech calendar! In the Czech Republic, almost every day of the year is someone's name day (svátek or jmeniny in

My Czech Republic - More than a destination guide My Czech Republic covers a range of topics from Czech travel and tourist information to Czech cuisine, traditions and culture, language, history, and more. It is run by long-time Prague

**Czech History** Czech Legends Learn about the origin of Prague, read the story of the Golem, the famous tale of Horymír and his horse Šemík, and other Prague and Czech legends

Czech Name Diminutives and Shortened Forms Female Names Go to male names >> A Adéla - Adélka, Ada, Áda, Áda Adriana - Adrianka, Adri, Áda Agáta - Agátka Albína - Albínka, Albi Alena English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Male Names Go to female names >> A Adam - Adam Adolph - Adolf Alan - Alan Albert - Albert Alex - Alexej Alexander - Alexandr Alfred - Alfred Alphonse - Alfons Ambrose - Ambrož

**Prague Public Transport Tickets and Passes - My Czech Republic** There are several types of public transport tickets in Prague, which are distinguished by their length of validity - from 30 minutes to 72 hours. If you're planning to see some sights and use

**Czech Holidays and Traditions** Czech folklore is full of traditions, some of which are practiced to this day. We've chosen some Czech holidays and customs that are observed during the year. January 6: The Three Kings

**1790 - 1914:** National Revival to World War I - My Czech Republic 1790 - 1914: National Revival to World War I << 1526 - 1790: The Habsburg Dynasty to Joseph II A nationalist movement called the National Revival (národní obrození) started at the end of the

English and Czech Name Equivalents - My Czech Republic Female Names Go to male names >> A Adele - Adéla Adrianne - Adriana Agatha - Agáta Agnes - Anežka Alexandra - Alexandra Alice, Alicia - Alice Amelia - Amálie Anastasia - Anastázie

**Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain** Czech Crystal, Glass, and Porcelain Stores selling beautiful Czech crystal and glass products are plentiful in Prague, as are those offering Czech porcelain. A unique gift is a handmade replica

#### Related to czech vs polish language

**DuckDuckGo Now Supports Instant Answers In French, German, Czech & Polish Languages** (Search Engine Land10y) DuckDuckGo, the small and upcoming search engine, announced that their instant answers are supported in four new languages. DuckDuckGo claims they can provide instant answers for around 9 million

**DuckDuckGo Now Supports Instant Answers In French, German, Czech & Polish Languages** (Search Engine Land10y) DuckDuckGo, the small and upcoming search engine, announced that their instant answers are supported in four new languages. DuckDuckGo claims they can provide instant answers for around 9 million

Text strings hint at Siri gaining support for Polish, Czech, and Slovak languages soon (9to5Mac10y) A series of text strings discovered within iOS 8.1.2, and included on software versions dating back to at least iOS 8.1, suggest that Siri could soon receive expanded language support on iPhone and

Text strings hint at Siri gaining support for Polish, Czech, and Slovak languages soon

(9to5Mac10y) A series of text strings discovered within iOS 8.1.2, and included on software versions dating back to at least iOS 8.1, suggest that Siri could soon receive expanded language support on iPhone and

**Siri Czech & Romanian language support spotted in the latest macOS Sierra beta** (9to5Mac9y) Update: Romanian support appearing too (via itutorial.ro). And readers report the same text appearing in Polish and Hungarian. Czech language support for Siri has been spotted in the latest macOS

**Siri Czech & Romanian language support spotted in the latest macOS Sierra beta** (9to5Mac9y) Update: Romanian support appearing too (via itutorial.ro). And readers report the same text appearing in Polish and Hungarian. Czech language support for Siri has been spotted in the latest macOS

Back to Home: <a href="https://staging.devenscommunity.com">https://staging.devenscommunity.com</a>